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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor.

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Men's Fine Overcoats,	7.00; former price, 12.00
Men's Fine Overcoats,	9.00; former price, 15.00

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Fine Cashmeres, in all colors,	22½c., worth 40c.
Fine Cashmeres, in all colors,	30c., worth 50c.
Fine All-Wool Cloth, in all colors,	35c., worth 60c.
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Fine Bleached Muslin,	8c., worth 10c.
Fine Unbleached Mu-lin,	6c., worth 8c.
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Economy Clothing and Dry Goods House,

Next Door to Bank, CARROLLTOWN, PA.

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THE CURE FOR
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HAY-FEVER AND COLD IN HEAD

Ely's Cream Balm is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into the nostrils it is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head, allays inflammation, heals the sores. Sold by druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price.

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A FOOL never wants to learn, but the WISE MAN reads that OLD HONESTY CHEWING TOBACCO is the best that is made, and ONCE tries it, and saves money and secures more satisfaction than ever before. AVOID imitations. Insist on having the genuine. If your dealer hasn't it ask him to get it for you.

P. PETTIZER & BROS., Louisville, Ky.

RATES TO ADVERTISE.

CANCER and Tumors CURED; no knife; book free. DR. BYE, 24 Grattan & Dunlap Sts. Cincinnati, O.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER.

The great popularity of this preparation, after its test of many years, should be an assurance, even to the most skeptical, that it is really meritorious. Those who have used HALL'S HAIR RENEWER know that it does all that is claimed.

It causes new growth of hair on bald heads—provided the hair follicles are not dead, which is seldom the case; restores natural color to gray or faded hair; preserves the scalp healthful and clear of dandruff; prevents the hair falling off or changing color; keeps it soft, pliant, lustrous, and causes it to grow long and thick.

HALL'S HAIR RENEWER produces its effects by the healthful influence of its vegetable ingredients, which invigorate and rejuvenate. It is not a dye, and is a delightful article for toilet use. Containing no alcohol, it does not evaporate quickly and dry up the natural oil, leaving the hair harsh and brittle, as do other preparations.

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Colors them brown or black, as desired, and is the best dye, because it is harmless; produces a permanent natural color; and, being a single preparation, is more convenient of application than any other.

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THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, March 26.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 60@61c; No. 2 red, 58@58c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 49@50c; mixed ear, 47@48c; No. 2 yellow shelled, 49@50c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 36½@37c; No. 2 do., 36@36½c; extra No. 3 white, 35@35½c; mixed, 34@34½c.

HAY—Choice timothy, $12.00@12.50; No. 1 timothy, $11.25@11.50; No. 2 timothy, $10.50@11.00; mixed clover and timothy, $11.00@11.25; packing, $7.25@7.50; No. 1 feeding prairie, $8.50@9.00; wagon hay, $14.00@16.00.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 24@25c; Ohio fancy creamery, 20@22c; fancy country roll, 17@19c; low grades and cooking, 9@10c.

CHEESE—Ohio mild, 10@10½c; New York full make, 11½@12c; limburger, full make, 12@13c; Wisconsin swiss, 13@13½c; Ohio swiss, 10@11½c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio cases, 11½@12c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 80@85c per pair; live chickens, small, 65@70c; ducks, 70@80c per pair, as to size; dressed chickens, 14@16c per pound; turkeys, 13@15c per pound; ducks, 15@16c; live turkeys, 12@14c per pound; live geese, 90c@$1.00 per pair.

EAST LIBERTY, PA., March 26

CATTLE — Receipts light this week, and with a good demand the market is active and prices a full quarter higher than last week. Prime, $5.50@5.75; good, $4.80@5.15; good butchers, $4.25@4.75; rough fat, $3.50@4.25; fair light steers, 3.50@4.25; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.25; fresh cows and springers, $15.00@35.00.

HOGS—Receipts only fair, very few prime hogs on the market, demand is fair, and the market a little slow at unchanged prices. Philadelphias, $4.95@5.00; best mixed, $4.85@4.90; best Yorkers, $4.80@4.85; common to fair Yorkers and pigs, $4.60@4.70; roughs, $3.00@4.25.

SHEEP—Receipts fair today, and the demand is only fair on sheep, while lambs are steady at unchanged prices. Extra wethers, $4.90@5.25; extra, $4.00@4.05; good, $4.25@4.65; fair $3.00@3.85; common, $1.50@2.00; best lambs, $5.25@6.00; good lambs, 5.00@5.50; common to fair lambs, $2.50@4.50; veal calves, $4.00@4.90, heavy and thin calves, $1.50@2.50.

CINCINNATI, March 26.

HOGS—Market active and higher at $4.40@5.05; receipts, 1,400 head; shipments, 1,200 head.

CATTLE—Market active and higher at $3.50@5.70; receipts, 200 head; shipments, 300 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep, market firm at $2.25@4.50; receipts, 100 head; shipments, none. Lambs, market firm at $3.25@5.60.

NEW YORK, March 26.

WHEAT—Spot market weaker. No. 2 red, store and elevator, 70½c; f. o. b., 62½c afloat; No. 1, northern, 69½c delivered; No. 1 hard, 70½c delivered.

CORN—Spot market easy. No. 2, 36c and nominal, elevator; steamer yellow, 36½c; steamer mixed, 36½.

OATS—Spot market weaker. No. 2, 25½c; No. 2 delivered, 24½c; No. 3, 23½c; No. 2 white, 27c; No. 3 white, 26½c; track white, 24@31c.

CATTLE—European cables quote American steers at 11½@12½c per pound, dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 9½@10½c per pound. Exports today, 545 beeves, 2,331 sheep and 2,240 quarters of beef.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market quiet but steady. Good sheep, $5.15; good lambs, $6.00.

HOGS—Market steady at $4.90@5.25 for extreme weights.

Used a Razor While Drunk.

SARATOGA, March 27.—Julius Barker of Fort Edward has murdered Richard Jackson and terribly slashed William Palmer, but the latter will probably recover. Barker used a razor and almost decapitated Jackson. All are negroes. They got into a quarrel while drunk.

Charged With Treason.

COPENHAGEN, March 27.—Herr Noerremoell, editor of Heundell, published at Abenraa, in Northern Schleswig, has been arrested on the charge of treason in continually advocating the reunion of Northern Schleswig with Denmark.

Christian Scientist Arrested.

LOS ANGELES, March 27.—"Doctor" Richard Cook, a Christian science healer, and Jesse Samis, whose wife recently died in chirdbirth as a result of Christian science treatment, have be arrested under charges of manslaughter

AN ANGEL IN A BLIZZARD.

It Was Not Showing Too Much for the Scribe to See What a Kind Man Did

"Two men who knew him were standing in the Grand Pacific exchange talking about George W. Champlin, who died in Hot Springs. He was one of the most generally known men on the Chicago board of trade, says the Chicago Herald.

"He didn't belong to any church," said one of the men. "One night I met him on Clark street. A blizzard was on the rampage and people were running to get out of the cold. A ragged boy stood behind a storm door, a picture of the forlorn. The boy was almost barefooted. Champlin stopped and said to him: 'My boy, this is hard luck; why don't you put on your Sunday suit?' 'Hain't got none,' the boy replied. Champlin took him by the scruff of the neck and almost dragged him into a clothing store near by and had the boy put into a new suit, shoes, hosiery, underwear and cap. Then, handing the boy a dollar, he said to him: 'Young man, you had better run right home and get out of this cold. The mercury is twenty degrees below zero.' The clerk in the store called me aside and asked: 'Who is that man? This is the third or fourth boy he has brought in here and clothed.'

"'You say he didn't belong to any church?' asked the man who had listened.

"'Never went in one that I heard of.'

"'Well, he won't need any church certificate in the next world. I reckon it wasn't snowing too hard the night you speak of for the recording angel to see what Champlin did.'

FACTS FOR FARMERS.

IT is the small number of good cows, carefully attended to and well fed, that yield the most profit.

A STRAW rack is a nice thing to have in the barnyard, if you forget its existence at feeding time.

ARE any of your cows bringing you into debt? If you don't know is it not time that you should know?

How much feed can your best cow turn into butter? She ought to have every ounce that she will eat.

A CLEAN stall makes a clean cow, and a clean cow makes clean milk, and clean milk makes good butter.

AFTER you get your blood, says a swine grower, then everything depends upon your feed and care.

THE long winter evenings afford the city unemployed abundant time to think about the farm as a money-making institution.

FARMERS in Pennsylvania are feeding chestnuts to hogs. It is said that the crop is immense and the picking of them hardly profitable.

THE Connecticut experiment station recommends 400 pounds of superphosphate, 400 pounds of nitrate of soda and 250 pounds of muriate of potash for the growth of potatoes.

Quite Satisfactory.

The king of the Belgians went out for a walk the other day, and entered a farm to ask for a glass of milk. When he had made a remark in English to his companion, he heard the hostess say to her husband in Flemish: "I wonder what that long-nosed Englishman will give us for the milk?" Whereupon the king took out a five-frane piece and gave it to the woman, saying in Flemish: "Allow me to offer you the portrait of the long-nosed Englishman."

DOWN IN A CRATER.

Wonders Witnessed by a Mountain Explorer.

Indian Legends of a Famous Extinct Volcano in the West—Strange Animals Found in the Subterranean Caverns.

Crater mountain is one of the Umatilla Indians' great spook depots from ancient time, says the Baker City Democrat. Bucks that are now white with the hoary frosts of many winters recollect hanging in the trees tightly strapped to their nursing boards, while their mothers roamed the forests in search of game for the lords of creation or wood for the tepee, and from infancy love to relate how the great spirit spoke to them with the awful voice of terrific thunder in the bowels of the earth. Many are the stories and legends of Indian lore told of Crater mountain. One of the favorite ones is told of a great war between the Shoshones and Umatillas. When the Umatillas had conquered their foes they proceeded to slaughter old and young, regardless of sex. One beautiful Shoshone maiden, seeing that death was inevitable from her pursuing foes, plunged headlong into the burning crater, and instantly the volcanic eruption ceased, much to the consternation of her pursuers, who on the following day found, on looking down the chasm of inky darkness, a resplendent light with the form of the Shoshone maiden in the midst of the apparition. They told it to their dusky warriors—and to this day Crater mountain is looked upon with reverence from an Indian point of view.

The following is from the diary of J. A. Wright: "Crater mountian is located some eleven miles from the Camp of Cornucopia, on the south side of the range whose caps are tipped with eternal snow. Many chasms and fissures have in the misty past cleft the mountains and left them in the most fantastic shapes. Vegetation ceases to grow after a certain height is reached, and close under the base of one of the great peaks is the famous extinct volcano. Ashes and lava are found in great profusion and in such indescribable masses that it makes the ascent one of peril and great difficulty. However, once at the top, a peek down into the blank, fathomless abyss supplies the most morbid minds with all the sensationalism necessary for a lifetime. A favorite amusement was to throw rocks down and listen to the sounds as they struck on the projecting sides of the dark chimney until the sounds died away, leaving nothing but for the mystified explorer to guess it had reached the bottom."

Many have been the stories circulated of the wonderful cavern that extended from the sides of the great chimney. A stout cable was provided and a basket swung from a pulley. Hon. Joseph, with camera and notebook, was carefully lowered some three hundred and seventy-eight feet, when he noticed an aperture in the side of the chimney, and, by signals agreed upon, a halt was called in his downward career, and he crawled through a cleft in the great chimney, and the work of exploration began. The first sight that met his astonished gaze was a most stupendous chamber, from whose mighty dome hung stalactites of great beauty, which were enhanced by the light of the candle, and fairly struck terror to his heart, as the flickering candle seemed to possess the power of some unseen hand that made millions of the brilliant stalactites dance in resplendent beauty. A great snowy owl blinked at the astonished Joseph.

The explorer groped his way to the far end of the chamber, where he thought he heard the sounds of falling water—nor was he mistaken, for squeezing himself through an opening he found himself in another chamber of great beauty, with a stream of hot sulphur water running into the earth. The incrustation from the sulphur water had transformed the cavern into a coral-like substance and left it in such fantastic shapes. He found in the water some lively little lizards and some frogs that change color on the slightest provocation and two large rats, who eyed the explorer with a curiosity that seemed to bode no good, and he longed for his little gun.

Curious Oak Tree in Georgia.

A resident of Augusta, Ga., has an oak tree growing upon his place which is not unlike other trees of that species in general appearance. Instead of producing the regulation acorn, however, it is annually loaded with peculiar formations as unlike the natural production of such trees as one could imagine. As a general rule the cup of an acorn is as large or larger than a thimble, covering at least half of the acorn proper, but in this case the tiny receptacle is not larger than a pea, and, instead of being constructed so as to hold but a single nut or kernel, contains from three to five small ones, the number seeming to vary with the distance from the ground, the cups on the lower limbs being uniformly filled with three of the tiny acorns. Botanists of national repute have pondered this sylvan oddity and old settlers, noted hunters and woodmen in general have visited the wonder and left without even attempting to name the variety of oak to which it belongs.

The Month Without a Moon.

A remarkable freak in moon phases was noted in the month of February, 1866, a month which has gone into astronomical annals as "the month without a full moon." In that year January and March each had two full moons, but February none. A writer in a leading astronomical journal uses the following language in describing it: "Do you realize what a rare thing in nature it was? It has not happened before since the beginning of the Christian era, or probably since the creation of the world. It will not occur again, according to the computations of the astronomer royal of England, for—how long do you think? Not until after two million and a half years from 1866."

Saint Trudon.

Saint Trudon, a Christian village on the banks of the Congo, colonized by negroes educated by missionaries, is the product of postage stamps. Over forty million used stamps were collected in Brussels, from the sales of which the money needed was obtained. The Congo state gave the land.

A FOREIGN INDUSTRY.

We Use Millions of Split Steel Rings, But Don't Make Any.

"I've handled and sold forty thousand gross of split key rings since 1867," said the little man in an overcoat and a white sweater, "and not one of them was of American make."

"Why, how is that?" asked a New York Sun reporter.

"Because there are none made in this country," replied the little man, with a smile that lifted one corner of his gray mustache. "No, sir," he continued, "the making of split steel rings is an art that we haven't got hold of yet, somehow, and I must say I often wonder at it."

"Where are they made, then?"

"The best, sir, are made about fifty-seven miles outside of Paris, at a little manufacturing town whose name I can't just now recall. The next best rings are made in Sheffield, England, while rings of inferior quality, made from Swedish iron, are manufactured in Alsace. I don't know that the steel in the French rings is any better than that used by the Sheffield manufacturers, but the Frenchmen in this, as in so many things, have got the hang of making their things look well. The Sheffield rings are polished with oil and emery, and that gives them a dull steely look, while the French rings are polished by the dry process, with what they call 'crocus powder,' a sort of coarse rouge."

"What are the extremes in size of split rings?" the man was asked.

"The smallest that I ever handled," he replied, "were three-sixteenths of an inch across. They are gilded when they reach this country and are used in cheap jewelry. The largest key rings I ever sold were two and a half inches in diameter, and those I sold to the wardens at Sing Sing. In fact, they are called prison rings. That key ring with the two little knobs or bosses through which you slip the key, is also a French manufacture, and indeed I have never seen an American key ring except that clumsy little thing where you have to move around a small round double plate with a notch in it, and then spring out the open end of the ring through this notch. I must say," concluded the little man, musingly, "I often wonder why we don't make rings over here. Even now there's a forty-five per cent. duty on them, and they could be sold at half their present price and still bring a good profit. Why, just think, I sell over one hundred and fifty thousand rings a year, and there must be millions of them handled every year in this country."

MACHINE-MADE SPEECHES.

Turned Out with Marvelous Rapidity by a Recent English Invention.

There is no doubt that both the typewriting machine and the phonograph are very ingenious and useful inventions, but the chief difficulty with them, says the New York Times, is that they cannot be made to act automatically. It is in order to fill this want that a distinguished inventor, whose name is for the present withheld, has invented an automatic writer, and, judging from the private exhibition of the machine which was recently given in London to a committee of members of the Royal society, it bids fair to prove the greatest invention of this or any age.

In appearance the machine is said to be not wholly unlike a typewriting machine. It, however, is provided with a sort of hopper, in which are placed blocks of type metal, each one of which is provided with a complete word, instead of a single letter. When this hopper is filled and the small electric engine which furnishes the motive power of the machine is set in action it instantly begins to print. Of course, what is printed depends in a good degree upon the selection of words which are placed in the hopper, but it is understood the machine can be used for almost any sort of composition.

At the exhibition already mentioned the hopper was filled with a supply of words relating to the English political situation, and in ten minutes after the engine had been started the machine had printed two full columns, each of about the length of an ordinary column of a newspaper. When these were read they were instantly recognized to be a speech on home rule in the general style of Mr. Gladstone. The hopper was next filled with a choice selection of the very finest words in the language, and the machine thereupon printed what was at once perceived to be an essay after the manner of Mr. Ruskin on political economy. More words were added and three pages of what any critic would have unhesitatingly accepted as a passage from a new novel by Mr. Meredith delighted the committee. The last experiment was made with the hopper filled with words taken from the Slang Dictionary and the result was a story in dialect which was held to be superior to almost any dialect story hitherto published.

New Terror for French Convicts.

Life in the French penal colony at New Caledonia has been pictured as so agreeable, both by reason of the climate as well as the leniency with which convicts have been treated, that transportation seems to have lost most of its terrors. Criminals do not conceal their preference for a long sentence in the beautiful Pacific island to a much shorter term with hard labor in one of the penitentiaries at home, and when perpetrating a misdeed have sought as a rule to render their offense as serious as possible, so as to entail transportation if captured. It is with a view of putting an end to this sentiment that the French government has now decided to stop sending convicts to New Caledonia, and is making arrangements to deport them instead to Gaboon, the fever-stricken and most pestilential of all districts of French Congoland in Africa.

Mutton in the Southwest.

In the meat shops of towns in New Mexico and Arizona the visitor from the east is apt to notice that the dressed carcasses of sheep have a tuft of wool still attached to the head and tail. This is left by the butcher to assure the customer that it is mutton and not goat flesh they are buying, for in these territories many flocks of goats are reared and pastured by the small Mexican ranchmen to be killed for food for the poorer natives. Roast or stewed kid, with Chili pepper sauce, is an esteemed dinner dish at the tables of many well-to-do American and Spanish-American citizens.

A RETIRED BURGLAR.

His Dangerous Career with the Jimmy and Dark Lantern.

He Encountered a Burglar Alarm System of Astonishing Effectiveness in Western Connecticut—Thrilling Experience of a House Breaker.

"One night late I went into a house in a village in western Connecticut, entering by a cellar window, as I usually did when I was late, so as not to disturb the folks. I looked around the cellar and located the stairs and started up. About three-quarters of the way up they made a sharp turn to the left. I had my jimmy in my right hand and my lamp in my left, so as to be all ready, expecting to set my lamp down on the top step and gently pry the door open; and I was going along comfortably enough when just as I was stepping up at the turn a rope stretched across caught me under the chin and toppled me over downstairs. There was only the stone wall of the cellar on one side and no rail on the other, so there was nothing to grab to, and I just tumbled down. As I bumped along something scattered along down with me, whang-banging down the steps over me and under me and around me, chasing me all the way down, and when I finally got to the cellar bottom that thing was lying across my chest. It was the coal shovel, which had evidently been stood up against the rope, and which I had jarred loose," said the retired burglar to a New York Sun man.

"But the worst thing of all was that my lamp was broke. I lost my jimmy on the way down, but I hung to my lamp; but now the light was out and the glass was broke and the slide was jammed around in front and I could not turn it. I felt around till I found my jimmy, and then I waited to see if I'd woke anybody up. I didn't hear anybody and so I started again, and this time I felt my way up the stairs carefully to the door. I found it unlocked and I had got it open about an inch, I should think, when I heard a little bit of a scraping on the other side, and the next instant the dreadfulest racket that anybody ever heard, the falling of a dishpan that must have been hanging on the other side on the door knob or key, and at the same time what I imagine must have been the potato-masher—I don't know, because I didn't look for it—dropped from the top of the door upon my head.

"This door to the cellar opened from a little square hall or entry way that had, as I learned by feeling, a door to the left, to the kitchen, I suppose, and one to the right, I guessed, into the front hall. I waited again, but no sound from upstairs, so I turned to the right and opened that door and stumbled the first thing over a chair close by in the hall and almost broke my shins. I felt along and found a row of chairs standing close together from that door clean to the front door. I sat down in one of them and nursed my shin and waited. Still no sound, and I tried again and got along all right this time and turned off to the left and into the parlor and back from that into the dining-room, for a wonder without falling over anything, and I began to feel encouraged. But in the dining-room there was nothing but plated spoons and forks, which, of course, I could tell by the touch just as well as though I'd had an electric light. If they had any silver they had it carried upstairs, as some people do at night.

"I turned back into the hall and groped my way through the rows of chairs to the foot of the stairs. To make sure of the first step in the dark I stepped high and stepped into a pan of water on the bottom step. That made me mad, but it didn't make any noise, and I stepped out of it and started on up. At about the third step my leg struck a string that was strung across these stairs, and set a bell a ringing that was hanging on it; and kicking that string started down on me from above, loosened I suppose by another string tied to the one I had kicked, a shower of tin pie plates, and I had got my legs tangled up in some way in the string across the stairs, and as I struggled to get free the bell kept on ringing and the pie plates rattling, and presently I fell over a wash boiler that had been set on the stairs a step or two up and brought that down on me.

"As I floundered around in this tinware and strings and bells and things I heard children's voices upstairs, and a minute later I heard steps in the hall above, and I could see in the blackness up there the white of a nightgown at the head of the stairs. Then something came slamming against the banisters, hitting me as it rattled down and finally landed with a great bang on the floor among the chairs in the hall. The minute he threw it, whoever he was, he ran, and I began to think it was about time for me to go, too. I had freed myself from the bellcord by this time and I got down the stairs and into the hall again, and there this time I stepped on a baseball bat—that was what had come banging down at me from above—that rolled out from under me and upset me once more among those chairs.

"I got up and opened the front door—it wasn't locked—and got out on the piazza. Before I had got to the top front step I heard a horn blowing from an upstairs window on the side of the house, and an instant later a shot from a revolver and a big bell ringing. There was a late moon just rising and a little light now, and as I went away I looked back and saw three children all in white, all leaning out of one window on the second story.

"I didn't wait to inquire about it, but it was just as simple as rolling off a log. The children's parents had had to go away somewhere over night, sickness or something, and had left the children alone. The young folks had forgot to lock the doors, but there really wasn't any necessity of locking 'em, with such a burglar alarm system as that."

—Her Choice.—"Won't you come for a row, auntie?" "No, thank you, dear; awkward pura is very good for young people, but I prefer to remain on terra cotta."—Pick-Me-Up.

—Many a man might make a better Christian of himself if he would consider the church as composed of membership of which he is a sample.

A PILL-MAKING CRAB.

The Queer Habits of an Interesting Little Creature.

Mr. Collingwood, in his "Rambles of a Naturalist," gives an entertaining account of these tiny creatures, which are mostly of about the size of a pea, though a few are as large as filberts. He found them abundant on the shores of the Malay peninsula, his attention being first called to them by seeing the beach, after the going down of the tide, covered with loose powdery sand and holes of various sizes. Looking more closely, he discovered that little radiating paths converged among the litter of sand to each hole, and that the sand itself was in minute balls.

The instant I approached a peculiar twinkling in the sand was visible, which required a quick eye to recognize as the simultaneous and rapid retreat of a multitude of tiny crabs into their holes, not a single one remaining visible.

Kneeling down and remaining motionless for a few minutes, I noticed a slight evanescent appearance, like a flash or a bursting bubble, which the eye could scarcely follow. This was produced by one or more of the crabs coming to the surface and instantly darting down again, alarmed by my proximity. It was only by waiting like a statue that I could induce them to come out and set to work.

Coming cautiously to the mouth of the hole, the crab waited to reconnoiter, and if satisfied that no enemy was near, it would venture about its own length from its lurking place; then rapidly taking up particles of sand in its claws, it deposited them in a groove beneath the thorax.

As it did so a little ball of sand was rapidly projected as through its mouth. This it seized with one claw and deposited on one side, proceeding in this manner until the smooth beach was covered with little pellets, or pills, corresponding in size to its own dimensions. It was evidently its method of extracting particles of food from the sand.

I made many attempts to catch one before I succeeded. At last I caught two specimens, which immediately curled themselves up and feigned death.

I put one of them on the sand to see what it would do. At first it did not attempt to move; but after a little, by a twisting and wriggling movement, it rapidly sunk into the sand and disappeared.

The other one I put int a hole which already contained a crab; but no visible result followed. I then attempted to dig it up again, but in vain. I dug up many holes; but though I soon arrived at the soft, wet sand underneath, never succeeded in procuring a pill-making crab by digging it out.

TAKE TIME FOR HOME LIFE.

The Mistake That the Intensely-Busy American All Too Often Makes.

There are no busier people in the world than Americans. The rush and intensity of our business life excites the constant wonder of foreigners accustomed to more leisurely methods, says the New York Press. It is a question if American men do not work too hard and too fast no, merely for their own good, but for the highest good of their families. In their earnest desire to win material benefits for their wives and children they frequently toil with such unwearying industry that eating and sleeping come to seem to them like impertinences, and they are hardly more than transient visitors in their households.

In the old Greek and Roman religions the father of the family was the priest of the family. A profound significance underlies this ancient conception. It is but an embodiment of the eternal truth that the highest moral responsibilities devolve upon a man in his character of husband and father. That the married man of to-day often finds himself unable to spend any considerable portion of his waking hours with his own family is owing largely to the stress of business life and to the ambitions fostered in a country whose citizens are welcome to the highest positions in the land if they can win them. But this constant struggle for material welfare should not be permitted to increase so far that the "things that are more excellent" are forgotten or ignored.

Sometimes a child dies, and then the busy father may realize that it was indeed a little stranger who came to him and went away again. He had watched the growth of his business with intense interest and he knew every aspect of it; but he had not had time to watch the growth of a child's mind and character. The American wife and mother can change in a great measure this order of things by holding up true ideals of what constitutes success in life and of what makes a home worthy of the name; for the husband in a great majority of cases is guided by the wife, and will bring back to her what she gives to him. If life to her means nothing but money and social success she binds her husband to a wheel that will gradually crush the best that is in him. But if it means a moral development whose source of power is a sympathetic and ennobling home life she will take care that her husband has time to live.

A Great Feed.

Several miners, who had been in the mining districts of Colorado for years, were discussing what they, would do if they were to become rich or strike it lucky. "Well," said one "I know what I'll do. I'll go to New York as straight as the cars will take me, and when I get there I'll make a bee line for Delmonico's and I'll get the biggest dinner money can buy. I don't care if it costs me fifty dollars or more, I'll have it." "Now, what do you think you would order if you were to go to Delmonico's for a fifty-dollar dinner?" "Well, I dunno, but I guess I'd have some ham and eggs—yes, I'd have some ham and eggs."

New England's Rocky Coast.

The annual report of S. I. Kimball, the general superintendent of the life-saving service, shows that of the 594 marine disasters which occurred during the year ending June 30, 1894, along the 10,000 miles of seacoast of this country and along the great lakes, 110 happened along the rocky coast of New England. Of the sixty-eight lives lost thirty-two went to satisfy the rapacity of the waves lapping the same New England coast. Thirty of the thirty-two deaths occurred in the wrecks of the ship Jasen and the bark Belmont on Cape Cod.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - - MARCH 29, 1895.

A SHORTAGE of $60,000 worth of gold and silver bullion has been discovered in the Carson City, Nev., mint. The responsibility has not yet been fixed.

THE governor of Missouri has decided to call the legislature in extra session. That body adjourned hastily on Saturday evening, leaving much important legislation incomplete.

THE Walter A. Wood Harvester Company, of St. Paul, has gone into the hands of receivers. It is said the company is indebted to various creditors to the amount of $900,000.

ITALY'S emigration commissioner ordered the steamship lines to indemnify two emigrants who were taken to this country on false pretenses and were barred out by American authorities.

GOVERNOR HOLCOMB, of Nebraska, has signed the bill passed by the legislature appropriating $200,000 for the purchase of seed, grain and food for drouth stricken farmers of Western Nebraska.

ACCORDING to statements in many local newspapers of the state, there will be less emigration to western states and territories this spring and summer than ever went hence in the same seasons of the year.

EX-ADJUTANT GENERAL WALTER W. GREENLAND died at his home in Clarion, Pa., Saturday night, aged 49 years. Deceased was a veteran of the late war, adjutant general of the state during Gov. Pattison's administration and the Democratic canfidate for secretary of internal affairs last fall.

THE Newport Deposit Bank, of Newport failed to open its doors for the transaction of business, on Monday morning, the 25th. The available assets of the bank last Saturday were $262,469, and the entire liabilities were $160,298, showing a margin of $102,198. The general stringency in currency caused this institution to suspend.

BILLS favoring greedy monopolies have been shoved through both houses of the Republican Pennsylvania legislature and have already been signed by Republican Governor Hastings. Bills favoring the workingmen, introduced early in the session, are still within the confines of the committee room. This is how the Republican party shows its great love for the laboring classes.

LI HUNG CHANG, the Chinese peace envoy to Japan, while returning to his lodgings at Shimonoseki, after a conference with the Japanese plenipotentiaries, narrowly escaped assassination. A Japanese named Koyama, aged 21, rushed upon Li Hung and shot him. The ball struck the Chinese statesman in the face. The wound is not regarded as serious. The shooting was prompted by overzealous patriotism.

IT cannot be questioned that the ability of our woolen manufacturers to sell their fabrics now in England is due to the Wilson tariff, which inaugurated free trade in wools. But for free wool, which Mr. Wilson gave them, our manufacturers would be powerless to gain an entrance for their cloth in Bradford. Manufacturers, artisans and mechanics of every kind will do well to ponder the meaning of this momentous news.

DUN'S REVIEW for last week says: Indications of improvements in business grow more distinct. The most obtrusive of them, the speculative advance in cotton and stocks is the least reliable, nor can either of these be said to reflect actual improvement in business conditions. Railroad earnings are scarcely better, and the speculation is largely based on expectation of more effective monopoly in coal and some other products. London was buying largely, but is likely to sell on any rise. Cotton does not rise because there is more demand for goods, but there is more demand for goods because cotton is dearer. The rise in wheat which started with the report of wheat in farmers' hands has been followed by reaction, so that prices are lower than they were prior to that report, having falled 2¼ cents for the week. Western receipts 1,988,214 bushels against 1,633,331 last year, and for three years, were practically equal to last years. Corn has not followed, but after a rise to 59¼ cents, holds price of a week ago, receipts being about a third of last year's and exports insignificant.

Pork has declined 25 cents per barrel, and lard 10 cents per hundred pounds. The advance in wages of coke workers raises the cost of fuel for a large proportion of the iron manufacturers, but as yet does not affect prices of iron or its products, as no increase in demand appears. Possibly it is hoped that larger buying will soon be prompted by the idea that pig and all products will be rendered mostly though the large excess of production and producing capacity stands in the way. One sale of 10,000 tons steel rails, one cast pipe contract for 9,000 tons, a bridge and five building contracts, aggregating nearly 5,000 tons are reported this week, but pig iron is weak without change both at the east and at Pittsburg. Copper continues weaker at 9.25 cents for lake, American production in February being 12,720 tons and foreign 6,739, while tin has risen sharply to 12.9 cents. Lead is weaker with heavy sales, 2,500 tons to domestic and 1,500 to foreign takers all 3.05 cents to 3.1 cents.

Failures during the past week have been 278 in the United States against 244 last year, and 95 in Canada against 50 last year.

TIDAL waves, says the Philadelphia *Record*, sweep everything before them in their oncoming; but in their ebb they sweep everything the other way. Proof of this was furnished in the astonishing victories of the Democratic party in 1890 and 1892. They had in the congresses elect in those years majorities that were as uncontrollable as mobs. The opposition party in the house was so weak in point of numbers and in quality of leadership that it was of no service in lending conservatism to attempted legislation. The only brake on the wheels was the thoroughly discredited senate, a body that in all respects was more viciously inclined than was the house.

The conditions were practically reversed by the elections of 1894. The Republicans now have a dangerous majority in the house, mainly made up of raw material, and a slippery and slender control in the senate. They are further at a disadvantage because they will have a check upon their operations in the Democratic Executive, who will see to it that as far as possible Democratic policies for the next two years shall have as fair a trial as circumstances permit. Judging the future by the past, it will not be an astonishing outcome of the present situation if the overwhelming victories of 1894 shall not be the precursors of disaster to the victors. What the new congress may do is an unsealed book; but if we may judge by the capers of the various state legislatures—like the Pennsylvania legislature, where there is really no curb to legislative caprice—the groundwork for political revolution and Democratic success in 1896 will have been very thoroughly prepared.

There is every prospect in the next two years barring unusual and unpected setbacks, of a complete resumption of business activity. Such a result will practically set the seal of approval upon such financial and revenue legislation as the Democrats have been able to enact. With good crops, cheap clothing, plenty to eat, and plenty to do, carried to the credit of Democratic policies, and with fresh illustration of the irrationalism and extravagance which Republican congress are sure to furnish the country, it will be strange, indeed, if the going out of the tidal wave shall not leave the Grand Old Party stranded on the shore.

SINCE Secretary Morton has been at the head of the department of agriculture he has opposed the present method of seed distribution through congressional agencies. He does not believe that the money expended in this way is productive of the good that could be derived from other methods which he has recommended, and which would be less costly to the government. It has been represented to the secretary that members of congress have disposed of their quotas of seed in a way not contemplated by law, and he recently took steps to ascertain the truth of these statements. At his direction the agent of the seed department negotiated for the purchase of a member's share, and the former soon brought to the secretary the written order of a member for fully 75 per cent. of his annual quota, which was offered for sale at $75. The purchase was made and the agent gave his check for the money, which was indorsed by the member, and is now in the secretary's possession.

Secretary Morton also says that he could recently have purchased from a second-hand book dealer in this city the quota allowed to three members of congress for $150 each. Besides these, he says he has the names of probably a hundred members of congress who have given orders for the transfer of their entire quotas of seed, or a great portion of them, to other persons. Some of them are probably in exchange for patent office reports and other government publications, according to the constituency of the respective members. He will print all of these names in his next annual report in order that the practice prevailing may be shown to the public.

The last agricultural appropriation bill provided for $180,000 for seed distribution for the fiscal year 1896, $20,000 of which is to pay the expenses incident to the publication of farmers' bulletins, notwithstanding the secretary suggested that only $500 be allotted to each of the 43 experiment stations to purchase new and improved varieties of seeds, cuttings, etc.

ADVANCE figures obtained from the bulletin of the statistician of the agricultural department for March seem to indicate that the argument so frequently made that the price of wheat is constantly falling, in the face of the fact that there has been no increase in the amount of wheat raised, is erroneous. These figures, which have been obtained from the most reliable sources, show a steady increase in the wheat supply of the world during the past four years. The annual yield has been as follows: 1891, 2,370,000,000 bushels; 1892, 2,414,000,000; 1893, 2,427,000; 1894, 2,500,000,000.

Notwithstanding the increase between the years 1893 and 1894, the United States finds itself with a short supply on hand March 1, 1895, than ever before. This is explained to be due to the fact that wheat has entered so largely into the food supply of animals, owing to the shortage in other crops. By virtue of this consumption of wheat, hitherto unknown in this country to any appreciable extent, there is less surplus to carry over than ever before.

IN affirming the conviction of an attorney in charging more than $10, the fee allowed by law for obtaining a pension, Justice Brewer, of the U. S. supreme court, recently said: "Congress being at liberty to give or withhold pensions, may prescribe who shall receive and determine all the circumstances and conditions under which any application therefor shall be prosecuted, No man has a legal right to a pension and no man has a right to interfere in the matter of obtaining pensions for himself or others."

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., March 22, 1895.—Instead of being criticised for having asked for the recall of the present Hawaiian minister to the United States, President Cleveland and Secretary Gresham are deserving of much credit for their forbearance in allowing him to remain here as long as they have. It is doubtful whether there is another country in the world that would have allowed this man to have remained under the circumstances. It was notorious during the last session of congress that minister Thurston not only furnished the opponents of the administration with ammunition to fight the Hawaiian policy of the administration, both in and out of congress, but actually became a lobbyist against that policy himself. These facts are recognized by Republicans as well as Democrats. Senator Hale, of Maine, who has been from the first a rabid Hawaiian annexationist, said of the request for Thurston's recall: "I have no inside or exclusive information, but the published reports say that Mr. Thurston's recall has been asked because he made public diplomatic correspondence before submitting it to Secetary Gresham. If this is correct he was clearly in the wrong and could not expect that the secretary would do otherwise than ask for his recall. It was clearly a breach of official etiquette, and is a practice which this country cannot afford to encourage. There might be times when such a course would lead to serious consequences, and if matters of international importance are to be so treated by the representatives of foreign governments we might as well have no state department. There are reasons for the belief that Mr. Thurston never would have been received as the minister of the Hawaiian republic had it not been that opponents of the administration would have charged a refusal to receive him to prejudice against the goverament he represented. He made himself objectionable when he was one of the annexation commissioners, before he became minister.

Administration birthdays fall close together, at least, four of them do. President Cleveland was fifty-eight last Monday, Secretary Gresham sixty three last Sunday (St. Patrick's day) Secretary Herbert sixty-one last Tuesday a week ago (March 12), and Secretary Morton will be sixty-three April 27th. Secretary Lamont might also be added to this group, as he celebrated his forty-fourth birth day on the 9th of February.

Postmaster General Bissell says he is working now just because he prefers work to idleness. Everything about the postoffice department is in good shape, and the department could easily be run by the assistants until Postmaster General Wilson gets ready to take charge, but Mr. Bissell would have to remain in Washington for some because the lease on his Washington house does not expire for more than a month yet he cannot get possession of his Buffalo residence until about the same time, owing to its having been leased to a friend, so he prefers to remain in charge of the department. It would seem that Mr Bissell never had any idea when he entered the cabinet of remaining in office longer than this spring. The leases, in Buffalo and Washington, tell the story.

Another row is developing among the Republican members of the house of the fifty-fourth congress. Just before the adjournment of congress the 96 Republican members of the house who were reelected held a secret caucus and decided that all of the important committee chairmanships should be given to them; also that they should control all of the house patronage. The secret was not well kept, and when the new members heard about it they were naturally displeased. A count of noses shows that there are 135 new Republican members elect of the next house, and, according to statements made by some of them, they propose to band themselves together for the purpose of thwarting the scheme of the old members to monopolize everything in sight, and it is said that some of them wish to push their power to the extent of electing one of their number speaker, instead of Mr. Reed, because of his having endorsed the proposed grab game of the old members. The new members have the power to do what they please when it comes to organizing the next house, but it remains to be seen whether they have nerve enough to exercise their power.

None of he diplomatic complications have been entirely settled—things move slowly in the diplomatic world—but they are all in course of settlement on a basis entirely satisfactory to the administration, except those arising from discriminations against American products by certain European countries; they are still in the unclassable stage. M.

In His Family's Presence.

La Porte, Ind., March 24.—Cornelius Lamenyon, who recently moved with his family from near Mercer, Pa., to Lagrange, this State, ended his life last night. Calling his wife and five children into his death chamber, he compelled them by threats of instant death to be mute witnesses of his self destruction. Paying no heed to the tearful pleadings of his wife, he seated himself in a chair, drew off one shoe and stocking and placing the muzzle of a shotgun to the side of his head, pulled the trigger with his big toe. The charge tore into a shapeless mass all that portion of his head back of the ears, leaving nothing but the face, which was ghastly in its appearance. Laymenyon was under the influence of liquor, and his family were powerless to save him.

Burn The Church.

Omaha, Neb., March 27.—The entire district of Omaha adjacent to Sheelytown is gathered around the ashes of St. Paul's Roman Catholic church (Polish) which was burned to-night. Fights are frequent, a riot is feared and the police are on the spot. Each side accuses the other of firing the church. Father Kominski, its priest, is in his home, which is guarded by friends.

It is charged that his faction fired the church to prevent it from falling into the hands of the bishop's friends, but there is no proof. This is the church in which a bloody riot occured two weeks ago.

To Seek an Anarchistic Community.

Cleveland, March 26.—M. A. Chrostowski, editor of a Polish paper here, is in receipt of a letter from Count Rybakoski the leader of the Polish commonweal of last summer, who is now in Washington, in which the count says he is coming to Cleveland soon to organize another army. Chrostowski has enlisted in the movement, and he says its object is to take an expedition, composed mostly of Poles, to some place in the west to found an anarchistic community. It is thought the army will be ready to move some time in May.

AN explosion on a vessel at Oberwessel, on the Rhine, killed 25 persons and destroyed considerable property.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Sugar and Arsenic.

Philadelphia, March 24.—Nearly a million pounds of beet root sugar, which, it is said, contains enough arsenic to poison half the population of Philadelphia, will be sold in this city on Friday to satisfy the government. The sugar is part of the cargo of the German steamer Remus. The sale has been ordered by collector of the Port Read, and the weight of the sugar is given as 991,808 pounds and appraised damage 50 per cent. No mention is made of the fact that the sugar is mixed with arsenic, but an analysis shows the presence of a large quantity of the drug.

The Remus cleared from Hamburg in December last with a miscellaneous cargo. Besides the sugar there were 100 cases of arsenic, dry goods, etc.

She encountered a most tempestuous voyage and narrowly escaped foundering Captain Schwaner personally took charge of the wheel, while the crew baled out tons of water which poured down the hatches. The water mixed the cargo thoroughly, so that when the vessel arrived at this port the sugar was impregnated with arsenic. The cargo was nearly a total loss to underwriters, and it was abandoned to the government. Now the government will sell to recover, if possible, storage and duties amounting to nearly $10,000. The cargo was abandoned because of the belief that the sugar is irretrievably ruined. The customs officials, however, are of the opinion that it is possible to separate the arsenic from the sugar.

Battle With Tramps.

Leechburg, Pa., March 25.—A riot that will probably result in the death of O. S. Reynolds, a member of the Hyde Park Brick company, and injury of several others, occurred at the Hyde Park brick yards late Saturday night. Five tramps under the influence of liquor demanded admittance to the warm sheds. They were ordered away by Henry Schaffer, one of the firm. Mr. Schaffer was badly beaten before employes came to his assistance and the tramps were driven away. Later they returned, and, when again ordered away by Mr. Schaffer, they opened fire on him with revolvers. Schaffer was shot in the leg and was followed into his office by the mob, which continued shooting. O. S. Reynolds was shot in the face and had his skull fractured with a brick. H. F. Ross was also knocked senseless.

Neighbors came to the rescue and a general fight followed, during which clubs, bricks and revolvers were freely used. One of the tramps was arrested. He gave a description of the rest of the gang and was released. Public feeling runs high, and if the tramps are captured they will suffer severely.

Died of Starvation.

Greensburg, Pa., March 24.—The humane agent here was summoned to Tarr, a small coke village on the Southwest road, yesterday, to look after a family named Quarrel. James Quarrel, with a wife and five children, located here during the recent strike. When the strike ended his days of labor were gradually cut down, until he could secure only from one to two days a week. Many days during the winter months his family was without food. The poor authorities decided to give to the family $1 per week. That did not help the matter much. The wife and the little children began to droop. The woman sickened, and a week ago died, and it was told the humane agent her death was caused by starvation, because the small portions of food gathered in day by day was first given to the children. The people of the neighborhood, many of them too poor to render assistance to the starving family, after the death of the woman sought to help the little ones, but it is feared that one or two of them will not survive. The agent will make an effort to help them.

A Famous Pennsylvanian Dead.

Philadelphia, March 22.—Ex Congressman Richard Vaux, who has been ill at his home in this city for several days with the grip, died this morning. He was 76 years of age. Mr. Vaux was born in this city in 1819, and he came of old Quaker stock. For years he had been prominent here, and was one of the most eccentric men in Philadelphia in some particulars. Mr. Vaux was a gentleman of the old school and of striking personal appearance.

One of his marked peculiarities was that he never wore an overcoat or carried an umbrella, no matter what the weather and he always appeared on the street in patent leather pumps.

While secretary to Minister Stevenson at the court of St. James, many years ago, Mr. Vaux was accorded the unusual honor to a citizen of a republic of being selected by Queen Victoria to dance a quadrille with her. Mr. Vaux has been mayor of Philadelphia, recorder, an office now abolished, and was elected to the Fifty second congress to fill the unexpired term of Samuel J. Randall.

It was Family Warfare.

Charleston, W. Va., March 24.—G. C. Lewis, manager of J. H. Burns & Bros., store on Paint creek, on Saturday shot and perhaps fatally wounded his father-in-law, John Trainer, and one of Trainers's sons, who attacked him in the dining room of their boarding house, about a mile up Paint creek. Lewis is badly cut about the head. He was married at Ironton, O., about three weeks ago, it being a runaway marriage, and there has been trouble ever since. Young Trainer had been away from home, and his return brought on the difficulty. Lewis and his wife were boarding at Trainer's home, notwithstanding the ill-feeling that existed. Lewis surrendered, claiming that he acted in self-defense.

Coal and Railroad People Satisfied.

New York, March 22.—Coal and railroad people are fairly satisfied with the presidents' meeting, although they had hoped for more definite action. The anthracite coal stocks all showed advances on the stock exchange when business opened to-day. President Sloan, of the Lackawanna, said: "I saw no evidence of any discordant element at all at the meeting. I think there was a disposition to adjust whatever differences there might be with regard to the business before the meeting. All were impressed with the importance of the situation, and there was no apparent feeling which would prevent harmony of action."

A FEMALE suffrage bill has been defeated in the Maine senate.

MURDERED AS A WITCH

Terrible Example of Superstition In Ireland.

TEN TORTURERS NEARLY LYNCHED

An Adoption of Southern Methods Narrowly Averted—The Victim, a Woman, Killed by Awful Methods by Her Husband and Others.

WATERFORD, Ireland, March 27.—A most extraordinary case of murder arising from superstition has been inquired into by the special court of Clonmel, 25 miles from here. Ten persons were arraigned before the court charged with murdering a woman named Cleary, because they supposed her to be a witch. The prisoners included the murdered woman's husband and father. The evidence showed that Mrs. Cleary was suffering from nervousness and bronchitis and her husband, believing her to be bewitched, and in order to exercise the evil spell obtained a concoction from a herbalist of the neighborhood. Then, while the other prisoners held the unfortunate woman in bed, her husband forced the obnoxious concoction of herbs down her throat.

After this the suffering woman was held over a fire and dreadfully burned until she declared in the name of God that she was not Cleary's wife. This torture was repeated on the following day, but the woman refused to conform to her husband's requests, whereupon he knocked her down, stripped off her clothing, poured paraffin over her body, then lighted it and the woman burned to death in the presence of six male and two female relatives. Cleary declared that he was not burning his wife, but that he was burning a witch, and she would disappear up the chimney.

When the woman was dead, her husband collected her charred remains in a sheet and buried them in a dyke, beneath the mud, where they were found a week later. The prisoners, who were remanded, narrowly escaped lynching.

Sunday Observers Win a Victory.

ST. LOUIS, March 27.—The Sunday Closing association has scored another victory after a great battle, in the conviction of Jacob Kurtz, who was charged with selling whisky on Sunday.

Sutton's Murderers In Jail.

PITTSBURG, March 27.—McClelland, leader of the Bee gang of Tarentum, and a dozen of his gang, are in gall for the murder of Philip Kearney Sutton. Three of them have confessed.

Blixt's Trial Postponed.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 27.—The case against Claus A. Blixt for the murder of Catherine Ging has been called in the district court and reset for May 14, both sides consenting.

Receiver For a Lumber Company.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., March 27.—Judge Jackson, in the United States court, has appointed A. H. Winchester permanent receiver of the Holly River Lumber company.

Christian Scientist Under Arrest.

KANSAS CITY, March 27.—Mrs. A. J. Baird a well-known Christian scientist, is under arrest on a charge of practicing medicine without a license.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Anna Dickinson began at Scranton on Monday three suits, aggregating $125,000, for false imprisonment in the Danville insane asylum.

—In his haste to jump on a cable car, Robert A. Rose, of Philadelphia, was stricken with heart disease and died shortly afterward.

—An explosion of lye and water caused by injecting into it a red hot poker, seriously burned Matthew Kennedy, a Norristown gate keeper.

—At Tarentum a young man who had taken the place of a striker in the flint glass works there, was brutally beaten to death by striking employes.

—Suit for $10,000 damages has been brought at Lebanon by J. A. Miller against the Lackawanna Iron Company, under whose employ he was injured.

—Sydney W. Sprague, cashier of the Continental Clothing company, of Boston, is under arrest, charged with embezzlement of the funds of the concern to the extent of $25,000 or $30,000.

—John Bell and Sarah Swallow, who lived together as man and wife, were found dead in their house in Toronto, Ontario, Sunday. Bell had evidently cut the woman's throat and then cut his own.

—The old steel rail mill of the Edgar Thompson works at Braddock, started up on Monday, employing 350 hands. It has long been idle, and it will now make street railway rails and other light products.

—The national bank at Canfield, Ohio, was broken into on Friday night and badly wrecked in an unsuccessful attempt to blow open the vault with dynamite. The robbers escaped without getting anything.

—J. E. Young was sentenced to five years and Edward Steele to three years in the penitentiary at hard work by Judge Grosscup in the federal court at Chicago on Saturday for sending immoral books and pictures through the mails.

Spring Fashions.

For spring wear, the Norfolk jacket will again be the favorite, being used as a distinct garment, or as a component of tailor costumes. In these jackets, the three box pleats, to conform with the present taste, are made, both back and front, to fall below the belt in a full short skirt style, thus producing the flaring effect which is so much sought after. When they are made up of cloth for wear with various gowns silk is generally used for the belt. It is asserted that sleeves will be as large as ever, if not larger. As for silks they are more and more flaring at the bottom, showing the gradual widening from the hips to the foot. From London the new tailor gowns for spring have double breasted blouse waists without fullness at the neck, but very much gathered all around at the waists. Light tweeds and cloths are very popular for all kinds of spring costumes, including bicycle suits. The McDowell fashion journals at hand contain many novelties of the season and moreover in order to furnish further assistance to their readers they affer special patterns of the latest and most practical styles. These patterns may be secured by means of coupons at exceedingly moderate prices, and for the accommodation of the public they are reproduced in catalogue form. This catalogue may be secured by applying directly to Messrs. A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th St., N. Y., enclosing 25cts. "La Mode de Paris" and "Paris Album of Fashion" are the leading fashion magazines. They cost $3.50 each for a year's subscription, or 25 cents per copy. "The French Dressmaker" is always the great favorite among professional as well as amateur dressmakers. It costs $3.00 per annum, or 30 cts a copy. "La Mode," a magazine of unsurpassed popularity is only $1.50 a year, or 15 cents a copy. If you are unable to procure either of these journals from your newsdealers do not take any substitute from him, but apply by mail directly to Messrs. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th St., New York.

B. & B.

Every Step

Of the way through this great store brings upon some great value, from

SILKS CREPONS, DRESS GOODS AND SUITINGS

of every description to the smallest necessity of toilette or house adornment. Small profit marks every article.

Samples of the following will give an idea of values in

DRESS GOODS AND SUITINGS.

ASSORTED AMERICAN SUITINGS, 36 to 39 inches wide. **25c. and 35c.**

BLACK AND NAVY BLUE SERGES, medium wale, wiry finish, 50 inches wide, 50 CENTS.

All-wool imported BLACK HENRIETTA, 45 inches wide, 35 CENTS.

Finer qualities BLACK HENRIETTA, 45 inches wide. **40c. and 50c.**

20 cases NEW IMPORTED 1895 DRESS GOODS AND SUITINGS, style and worth beyond all precedent at prices,

50c., 65c., 75c to $1.25

Every department is teeming with bright, fresh, new Spring goods—medium to finest WASH FABRICS, 5 CENTS to 65 CENTS the price range.

SILKS—50c 59c., 65c., 75c. TO $3.50 include newest in Taffetta, Staple and Novelty Weaves in every desirable and artistic shade and color combination. The finest specimen of the best manufacturers, both foreign and American.

SPRING JACKETS, CAPES and MILLINERY, etc., in all the artistic beauty and jauntiness of 1895 SPRING STYLE.

A MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT equipped to fill your slightest order with precision and dispatch.

WILL YOU COME, OR WRITE US?

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

S. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.

ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Carrolltown Bank,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,

JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

A. E. PATTON, President. WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.

THE

First National Bank

OF PATTON.

PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.

Capital, paid up, - - $50,000.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals received upon the most favorable terms consistent with safe and conservative Banking.

Steamship Tickets for sale by all the leading Lines and Foreign Drafts payable in any of the principal cities of the Old World.

All correspondence will have our personal and prompt attention.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

oct13.93

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Jacob Trinkley, late of Carrolltown township, Cambria county, deceased, were duly granted by the Register to said county to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SYLVESTER BRADLEY, Carrolltown, Pa.
SYLVESTER ECKENRODE, Loretto, Pa.
J. F. McKENRICK, Esq., Attorney for estate. Administrators.

Ebensburg, Pa., March 29, 1895.X.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Andrew Eger, late of Cresson township, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the Register of Cambria county to Eliza J. Eger and John S. Eger, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for payment.

ELIZA J. EGER, Cresson P. O.,
JOHN S. EGER, Altoona, P. O., Administrators.
J. F. McKENRICK, Ebensburg, Pa., Attorney for estate.

March 22, 1895.X.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of William Tomlinson, deceased. Letters of administration on the estate of William Tomlinson, late of Allegheny township, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, deceased, having been granted to me, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE SEYMOUR,
BRIDGET TOMLINSON,
Administrators of William Tomlinson, deceased.

Allegheny township, March 1, 1895.X.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

W. A. E. Little and Susan G. Little, his wife, of the borough of Loretto, Cambria county, having filed of voluntary assignment dated March 23, 1895, conveyed to the undersigned, in trust for the benefit of creditors, all the property of the said W. A. E. Little, notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to said W. A. E. Little will please make payment to the assignee and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay.

P. J. LITTLE,
Assignee of W. A. E. Little.

Ebensburg, Pa., March 29, 1895.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Matthew McGaughey, late of Munster township, county of Cambria, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same shall present them properly authenticated for settlement.

AUGUSTINE W. EBERLY,
Administrator of Matthew McGaughey, dec'd.

Munster Twp., March 22, 1895.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Estate of James Hagan, Sr., deceased. Letters testamentary on the estate of James Hagan, Sr., late of the borough of Lilly, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, deceased, having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

DANIEL HAGAN,
Executor.

Lilly, Pa., March 25, 1895.

FOR ALL THE NEWS, READ THE FREEMAN. $1.50 per year.

CANCER and Tumors CURED; no knife; book free. DRS. GRATIGNY & DUBOIS, 165 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

TO

THE MONEY SAVERS

OF

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

While other merchants are advertising "Clearance Sales" of shop-worn goods, Bradley's have opened the most complete line of new Spring Goods. All the latest things of the season at lower prices than you ever knew or heard of. Come to where you can have a choice.

25 Yards of Yard-Wide Muslin for $1.00.

50-inch Black Henrietta for 45 cents per yard. Choice of 5 shades Cashmere at 20 cents—full 36-inch goods.

New Moire Satines at 15 Cents.

New Line of Dress Ginghams at 7 cents.

These are a few of the many Bargains awaiting you at

Bradley's Cash Store,

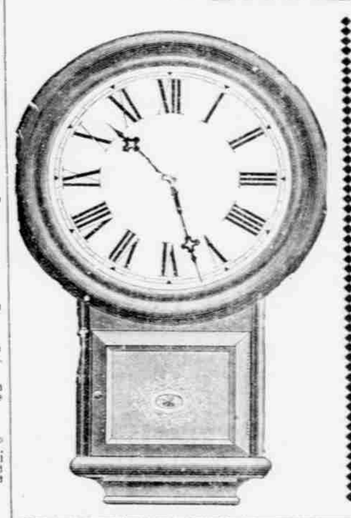
MAIN STREET, GALLITZIN.

CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

—AND DEALER IN—



WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
—AND—
OPTICAL GOODS,
SOLE AGENT FOR THE
CELEBRATED ROCKFORD WATCHES
Columbia and Fredonia Watches
In Key and Stem Winders.
LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY ALWAYS ON HAND.
My line of Jewelry is complete. Call and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.
All work guaranteed.

CARL RIVINIUS.

FARMERS!

TAKE NOTICE

When you want GOOD FLOUR take your grain to the OLD SHENKLE MILL in Ebensburg. The

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG,

PROPRIETOR.

EBENSBURG MARBLE AND GRANITE

MONUMENTAL : WORKS!

We are prepared to furnish on short notice and at prices to defy competition

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, VAULTS AND POSTS

WHAT WE DO:—

Keep constantly on hand one of the Largest and Best Selected Stock of any concern in the County.

Give personal supervision to the manufacture and placement of all orders.

Use none but the Best Stock, and pay particular attention to the setting of all work. Also agents for the famous Champion Iron Fence.

ALL CORRESPONDENCE ANSWERED.

J. WILKINSON & SON,

EBENSBURG, PA.

CARRIAGE AND WAGON SHOP.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boney in the West ward of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Cariage work on the shortest notice and on reasonable terms. Special attention given to Repair work and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. E. BENDER,

formerly of Carrolltown.

[Jan11.3m]

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY. - - - MARCH 29, 1895.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Beaver was in Ebensburg

flock of wild geese passed over town

public schools close for

day of next week.

Farmers' Alliance will

this place, graduated at

College of Pharmacy on Mon-

Hazlehurst and Joseph Ber-

Mrs. of the West ward,

been an invalid for several years.

Beech Creek railroad is daily

trains of soft coal to tide-

mercantile appraiser,

Monday in performance of

with the flavor of maple

now one of the lux-

Bishop, of Allegheny

visitor to the FREEMAN

Shoemaker, one of Ebens-

is seriously ill at

H. A. Shoemaker.

son of John Gill who was

in Sinnet in 1880, died

that place one day last

Berger, a Cambria town-

fell from a wagon at Has-

last week and fractured one

court was held here

Judge Miller, of Mercer county,

Thomas, and Judge Barker

Leigh, a former inmate of a

home of ill fame, attempted to

suicide on Monday by taking a

powder.

engine and boilers

built by the Harrisburg Foundry

Works for the Vinton Col-

Co., Uniontown.

Hughes, of Cambria town-

agent sawyers and whose ill-

mentioned in last week's is very

sinking.

Monday evening Rev. Fathers Kit-

of Loretto, and Sheedy, of Altoona,

at the Church of the Holy Cross at

on temperance.

J. B. Mallon, the popular clothing

of Lilly accompanied by his

several children in town this week

court as a witness.

Troxell, of Portage, who was

the United States court at Scran-

the embezzlement of $750.05, was

on Friday of last week.

Stahle, a prominent citizen

, died at his home in that

Saturday March 23, 1895, aged 45

He leaves a wife and two children.

Bradley and Sylvester Eck-

administrators of the estate of Ja-

late of Carroll township, de-

petition an administrators notice

Margaret Ruckin, mother of L.

of Cambria township, died at

son A. C. Rankin, at Hills-

county, on Thursday of last

aged 8 years.

Bishop, formerly principal of the

in Ebensburg, but now a

at the West Penn college,

has been appointed assistant in

secretary at the institution.

Lavely, of Johnstown,

Wednesday of last week from grief

that her husband is a prison-

Ebensburg jail charged with mis-

Lizzie Drummond.

band of horses belonging to

McCahan, deceased, will be ship-

Blackfork to Philadelphia to-

Friday, where they will be sold for

purpose of settling up the estate.

Henderson, a Pittsburg darkey,

$25 and costs last Friday for

Minnie Butler's throat

Minnie had refused

him his shirt in her teakettle.

Both are white, are very

Meeting of Ebensburg's council

Monday evening, the following appoint-

were made: Solicitor, Alvin Evans;

and treasurer, John F. Tibbott;

Supt. R. L. Thomas;

Justice Apel; police-

Evans.

Monday Judge Barker handed down

opinion in which the scalp law is de-

unconstitutional. The commission-

appointed orders and a case sta-

argued before Judge Barker some

and the opinion handed down on

the 6th inst.

Isaac Harvey, of this place,

Soldier of Allentown, and D. T.

of Warren, have been ap-

Governor Hastings as commis-

to survey the proposed new coun-

to be erected out of a portion

Clinton and Harry Weaver cut a

on Thursday, in the latter's

in Bell township, that cut 7 log 30

long, 3 logs 14 feet

feet long, making a to-

feet for the one tree.—

Banner News.

A. B. Little, a well-known mer-

of Loretto, on Saturday

an assignment of all his real and

property for the benefit of his

Peter J. Little, Esq., of

being the assignee. The assets

cover the liabilities.

Howard Martin, of Mineral Point, was

on Saturday afternoon to

in charge of sugar, preferred by his

Mrs. Elsie Rose, the four-

daughter of Anamas Rose, of

Paint. Martin is a widower and

father of a two year old child.

William Pringle, the oldest resident of

Westmoreland county, died at his home in

Scottdale on Wednesday of last week,

over 97 years, 7 months and 6 days.

Pringle had been enjoying his usual

health up until Tuesday night, when

was found in bed unconscious and died

shortly after being found.

Mrs. Bertha Brown, aged 45, wife of

Brown, of Johnstown, aged

was relieved with $1,100 of

husband's money. Brown is unable to

write. The money was received in

from property sale and the woman de-

sired her husband by having the cash

deposited in a bank in her own name.

The attention of our readers is called

to the notice of the Ebensburg Normal In-

stitute, which is published in another col-

umn. The high reputation hitherto held

by the Ebensburg Normal School will be

sustained in the future as in the past and

students attending can count on being pupils

in one of the best schools in the state.

—The Armstrong county grand jury, in its presentment to the court last week, speaking of the jail, said: "There are some cells there that have a great many bugs, which are not comfortable companions and should be banished."

—The Johnstown *Democrat* is authority for the statement that the Cambria Iron Company is making surveys in the yards at the works preparatory to arranging for the use of the direct process in the manufacture of steel. The change is to be made during the coming summer and will involve an outlay of several thousands of dollars.

—Sunday evening Mrs. John F. Core, of Marion, Indiana county, who is slightly demented, carried her youngest child 2 years old, to the well and dropped the infant in. Another child, 5 or 6 years old, endeavored to prevent the mother's action, but failed. The body of the child was recovered an hour or so later. The woman will be sent to an asylum.

—C. A. Sharbaugh, the enterprising clothing merchant of Carrolltown, has a change of ad in this issue of the FREEMAN that will prove interesting to our readers in search of bargians in men and boys' clothing and furnishing goods. His new stock is a complete one, of the latest styles and his prices, always low, are now lower than ever. Step in an see his stock.

—The old slope mine at Bennington has been abandoned at last, says the South Fork *Record*. This mine, together with the shaft, has been in operation for the past 22 or 24 years, the Blair Iron and Coal Company having operated them up to the the 1st of September, 1892, when they leased their mines to Lloyd & Mitchell, which company has been operating them since.

—Ten pupils of the Ebensburg High School passed the examinations on Wednesday and will be given their diplomas on Tuesday evening, April 10. The graduating class consists of the following members: Misses. Ada Jones, Minnie Kirschner, May Davis, Messrs. Walter Perry, Carl McKenrick, Edward Jones, Harvey Williams, Charles Hasson, Benjamin Williams and Harry Wilber.

—Representative Burrell, of Mercer county, has introduced a bill in the house at Harrisburg providing for a pension of $10 a month to public school teachers who have taught fifty years or more within the public schools of the state. Pensions seem to be a favorite way for giving away money collected from the people, but a man or woman who works at anything else equally as hazardous as school teaching ought to be equally deserving of a pension. Why not pension us all?

—The bill pending in the house allowing justices of the peace to try certain cases with a jury of six will probably pass. The cases which would come up under the provisions of the law are blasphemy, assault and battery, larceny, where the amount does not exceed $10, disturbing public meetings, cruelty to animals, selling unwholsome provisions, revealing telegraphic dispatches, cheating inn-keepers, firing woods and malicious trespass and cutting down timber.

—The United States supreme court at Washington affirmed the decision of the United States district court of Western Pennsylvania, in the case against Lewis C. Statler, of Altoona, who was convicted of having counterfeit money in his possession, and sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and to undergo imprisonment in the Western penitentiary for 13 months. Since the case has been pending in the supreme court Statler has been out on bail. He must now surrender himself and serve the sentence.

—In the supreme court on Monday opinions were handed down in six cases, which seriously affect many suburban electric railway interests. The substance of the opinions is that trolley lines being constructed under a street railway act have no right to eminent domain; therefore the consent of owners of any property which is desired by trolley lines must be obtained and there is no method of forcing him to give that consent. This decision practically strikes at about $50,000,000 of investments in lines either constructed or projected.

—Thurspay night of last week the large barn in Milford township, Somerset county, owned by Amos Christner, was completely destroyed by fire. The fire occurred most inopportunely, for when the flames were discovered it was too late to save any of the live stock or other contents of the building. Four horses, eight head of cattle, several hogs and a lot of poultry perished, besides a valuable lot of improved agricultural implements, wagons, buggies, sleds, harness, grain and hay. The burned property was insured for less than one-half of its value.

—The long-drawn out case of Frederick Jackel vs. Israel C. Caldwell, of Philadelphia, was settled out of court in Hollidaysburg on Wednesday by the defendant confessing judgment for $12,360. Years ago Caldwell and Supreme Court Justice John Dean, who owned fourty thousand acres of coal and timber land in Blair and Cambria counties, agreed to give Jackel all over $200,000 he could sell the land for. Jackel improved the property, but there was a hitch over the agreement. Judge Dean paid his share of the reimbursement, but Caldwell was sued. The case was in the supreme court three times.

—While working with a log at Illig's saw mill in Allegheny township, on Wednesday afternoon of last week, Jacob Trinkley was crushed and instantly killed. He and two other men were putting logs on the "skid way." The ground was quite steep and they were handling a log about twenty inches in diameter and twenty feet long. The log started to roll and Mr. Trinkley, while trying to get out of the way, slipped and fell in front of it. The log came on his head, crushing one side of it so that blood gushed from his mouth and nose. He was immediately released by the other men, but he drew only one or two breaths after. He was about 40 years of age and unmarried.

—Henry Schenck, of Erie, Pa., whose firm has been awarded the contract for the proposed new academy to be erected by the Sisters of Mercy at Cresson, was at the head house of the order at Loretto on Tuesday morning and completed the final arrangements in regard to the contract. This work, it will be remembered, was begun several years ago but, on account of some misunderstanding between the former contractors and Sisters, it was discontinued. The new contractors will begin the work the 1st of April, and will push the construction as rapidly as possible to completion. The academy, when finished, will be one of the finest institutions for young ladies in the state.

—The Pennsylvania people are securing right of way between Cherrytree and this place, and are paying the money down for it. We understand the contractors were along the route within the last week securing empty houses and barns for their men and horses. We are informed a considerable change will take place during the next year on the Pennsylvania railroad line here. It is claimed a yard will be made on Crush creek, a "Y" put in here, and the Mehaffey passenger run on here, as well as the local freight; also as soon as the extension is completed from Cherrytree, that train will run on to Glen Campell, making this the end of two divisions or runs. In this a complete link will be made from Cresson. A new Pennsylvania railroad depot at the lower end of town is among the possibilities. One thing certain, if the Beech Creek people build, so doth the Pennsylvania railroad.—*Glen Campbell Comet.*

Excursions to Washington.

The last of the series of low-rate exenrsions to Washington, D. C., via Pennsylvania railroad, will be run on Thursday, April 11, 1895. Excursion tickets, good within ten days, and permitting of stop-over in Baltimore in either direction within limit, will be sold at rates quoted below, good for use on dates above named on all trains excepting the Pennsylvania Limited. Special train of parlor and day coaches will be run on the following schedule:

	Rate.	Train leaves.
Johnstown	$7.35	10:22 A. M.
Cresson	7.35	11:12 A. M.
*Altoona	7.35	12:05 P. M.
Washington	Ar.	7:45 P. M.

*Stop for dinner.

Passengers will use regular trains through to Washington.

Passengers from branch points desiring to take the special train will use the following trains:—

Southwest Penna. Branch, Train No. 101, to Greensburg; Indiana Branch, Indiana Accommodation No. 82, to Blairsville Intersection; Martinsburg and Hollidaysburg, Accommodation train No. 412, to Altoona; from Bedford, train No. 4, to Huntingdon. Return coupons good on any regular train within the limit, except the Pennsylvania Limited.

Tickets on sale in Pittsburg, at Union ticket office, Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, and Union station, and at all stations mentioned above. For full information apply to Thomas E. Watt, passenger agent western district, 110 Fifth avenue, Pittsburg.

Prisoners Sentenced.

On Monday Judge Barker imposed sentences upon the following named criminals convicted at March sessions:

Ellis B. Reed, who was convicted of rape upon Lenora Spencer, of Hastings, was given a term of five years and six months in the Western penitentiary and to pay a fine of $250 and costs.

William Boyer, for the larceny of a sum of money from a fellow-lodger in the Eighth Ward Hotel in Johnstown, was sentenced to pay a fine of $20, costs and one year and three months in the penitentiary.

William Petrukwich, forgery, was sentenced to pay a fine of $10, costs and six months in the county jail.

Charles Gleason and Daniel Sullivan, larceny, were sentenced to pay jointly a fine of $20, costs and five months in jail.

Charles Kaylor, larceny, was sentenced to the Huntingdon reformatory.

On Tuesday Sheriff Coulter, accompanied by his son, took Reed and Boyer to the penitentiary.

Miners' Delegates Meet.

DuBois, Pa., March 27.—Delegates representing the miners of district No. 2, of the United Mine Workers' association met in convention here to-day. A total of from 15,000 to 20,000 miners were represented from parts of Clearfield, Jefferson, Elk and Cambria counties. President Bradley presided. All newspaper men were excluded from the meeting, but a press committee was appointed by the delegates to give out such information as the convention did not object to have made public. It is understood the demands to be made will be for an advance of ten cents per ton, and up, according to the height of coal in the various mines. The scale of prices will be based upon the scale demanded in the Pitusburg region, and it is intimated that there will be a general strike if the demands of the men are not conceded. It is understood that unless the employers and the men arrive at a satisfactory understanding soon a strike will be ordered on May 1.

Killed at Conemaugh.

William H. Fleck, a citizen of Morrellville, visited South Fork on Friday last in quest of work in company with Harry Bracken. They returned on Friday evening on a freight train as far as Conemaugh and, getting off, started to walk through the yard. Several engines were moving and on account of the noise, they failed to hear the approach of Fast Line west until it was upon them. Bracken escaped by jumping aside and after the train had passed he began a search for Fleck, but failed to find him until another train, Eastern Express, had passed on another track. After the train had passed he found Bracken's body lying on the track on which Eastern Express had passed, cut it two. The first train had struck him and thrown him on the other track and the express had cut his body in two, his legs were ground off and his skull fractured. He was a coal miner by occupation, was thirty eight years of age and leaves a wife and three small children.

School Entertainment.

The closing entertainment of the Ebensburg public schools will be held in the school hall on Tuesday evening, April 2. The following is a partial program of the exercises: "The Brownies," "Japanese Courtesy," "A Scene from Our Gymnasium," "The Court of the Year," "Fairy Flowers," "Good Night."

The school library has been steadily growing and is becoming a useful factor in the education of our young people. Every person is invited to help to enlarge the library by patronizing the pupils' entertainment.

Reserved seats, 35c.; unreserved seats, 25c. Tickets on sale at James' drug-store Monday morning, April 1st, at 8 o'clock.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, March 28, 1895:

Frank W. Muiler and Clara E. Thomas, Johnstown.

James Harris Rector and Nannie Z. Sarver, Morrellville.

James L. Grumbling and Nettie Miller, Morrellville.

Jacob Eash, Scalp Level, and Katie Louis Rose, Paint township, Somerset county Pa.

Frank L. Maurer, Philadelphia, and Louisa F. Krugel, Johnstown.

J. W. Reynolds, South Fork, and Mary Gibbon, Johnstown.

John W. Howard and Polly Alwine, Cambria county.

Democratic State Central Committee Meeting.

Harrisburg, March 28, 1895.

In accordance with the provisions of Rule V, Section 2, of the rules of the Democratic party in the State of Pennsylvania, I hereby give notice that the members of the Democratic State Central Committee will meet in Harrisburg on Wednesday, April 17, 1895, at 12 o'clock, M., in the committee rooms, 14 and 16 South Market Square, for the purpose of electing a chairman for the ensuing year, fixing of the time and place of holding the state convention, and for the the transaction of such other business as may be properly presented.

JAMES A. STRANAAN,
Chairman.

Summerhill Items.

Summerhill, Pa., March 26, 1895.

Mr. G. J. Wendroth, of Conemaugh, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Wendroth.

Mr. Urban Long, of Johnstown, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Long, of near this place.

The congregation of the Catholic church, at New Germany, have organized a new choir.

The weather is calming down and it begins to look like spring.

Mrs. Fred Smithbower, of Altoona, spent a day with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Long. F.

Real Estate Transfers.

Harry M. Fry et ux. to Christiana Fry, Johnstown; consideration $650.

Sheriff of Cambria county to Stephen A. Cooper, Dean, $25.

Blacklick Land & Improvement Company to Jabob S. Bennett, Vintondale, $150.

William Ernst et al. to Frohsinn Singing Society, Johnstown, $2,000.

Sheriff of Cambria county to John Goldy, Tunnelhill, $515.

Henry Miller et ux. to John Yahner, Patton, $886.

Charles Shonfelder et ux. to Gust Gelbeke, Gallitzin, $130.

Margaret Sweeney to Thomas Sweeney, Johnstown.

George H. Boney et ux. to John C. Bradley, Ebensburg, $100.

C. Sheridan et ux. to John A. Caldwell, Lower Yoder, $1.

John L. Wissinger to Frank Tysinger, Costlow, $12.

Daniel R. Huber to Isaac N. Parks, Conemaugh township, $1.

William Christ et al. to Cambria Iron Company, Richland, $425.

Chest Creek Land & Improvement Company to Leavy & Mitchell, Patton, $150.

Administrator of Louisa Spangler to Cambria Iron Company Upper Yoder, $494.

Executor of William Wister to John Moren, Allegheny, $257.

Executor of Peter Huber to Henry Scanlan, Carrolltown, $540.

Michael Bracken et ux. to Nelson Barnes, Gallitzin township, $100.

Henry Scanlan et ux. to Peter J. Huber, Carrolltown, $550.

D. S. McAnulty et ux. to Rachel R. Farabaugh, Barnesboro, $130.

Joseph C. McMullen et ux. to John Bolinger, Elder, $150.

Luke Byrne et ux. to Peter Lacour, Susquehanna, $25.

John Goldy et ux. to Annie Goldly, Tunnelhill, $880.

John Goldy et ux. to Annie Goldy, Tunnelhill, $515.

Nicholas R. Freidhoff et ux. to Anthony Shiver, Munster, $80.

I. E. Chandler et ux. to James Bagley, Morrellville, $200.

Harry M. Fry et ux. to Christiana Fry, Johnstown, $4,500.

Joshua Kauffman et ux. to William A. Miller, Croyle, $50.

Samuel P. Kirkpatrick et ux. to James Kirkpatrick, Hastings, $2,600.

Annie E. Powell et vir to Eddie E. McCombie, Carroll township, $40.

Thomas H. Watt to Ella C. Walter et al., Westmont, $900.

Correspondence.

Mountaindale, Pa., March 27, 1895.

George Boone, a resident of Hastings, formerly of this place, has moved to the Gardner farm.

J. S. McCartney has started his coal mine. This mine requires about twenty-five men and there will be no difficulty in procuring men to fill it as there is a large number of idle miners hereabouts.

Notwithstanding the hard times, Ed. Kuhn, our postmaster and enterprising merchant, has business enough to require him to employ a clerk to assist him.

The last session of the Reade township institute convened in the school house at Mountaindale on last Saturday, there being a large number of persons in attendance, including County Superintendent Leech. He explained the Pollard system of reading, and also took part in the other topics that were discussed throughout the day. When the topic, "What Can Parents Do to Aid the Teacher?" came up for discussion, Peter Miller took a package out of his pocket and laid it on the president's desk. It contained chewing gum, pipe, tobacco, and bottles of whiskey and beer. After he talked a short time on getting rid of bad company, he picked up the articles and threw them into the stove. No one understood what Mr. Miller meant by such action unless he meant that some of the male teachers indulged too frequently in intoxicants and tobacco and the female teachers in chewing gum. The affair created quite a sensation.

Prof. D. E. Hollen, who has just closed a very successful term of school, will open a summer school. The Professor will make a specialty of fitting persons to secure certificates to teach school.

Charles Van Scoyoc, of this place, and Miss Addie Kuhn, of Rosedale, were quietly married at Coalport last Thursday. They returned to the home of the bride's parents where they and a few invited guests partook of the wedding supper.

Our temperence people were quite a little surprised that a license was granted in this township to a house situated about one-half mile from the public road, among the briars, brambles and rocks. The landlord will have to secure a guide to conduct travelers to and from the house. Hopes have been entertained that this township would go dry, but it seems we were doomed to disappointment. I. E.

An Electric Railroad from Pittsburg to Johnstown.

The Pittsburg *Commercial* of Thursday says: "An electric railway from Pittsburg to Johnstown is the last project of Second-avenue Traction Company. The contract for its construction has already been let, and work will begin in about one month.

"The road to Carnegie, an extension of the West End system, controlled by the same company, is another move of the Second avenue company. This line will be completed by the middle of May. The same contractors who are building it will build the road to Johnstown. Work will begin on the Johnstown extension as soon as the contractor gets the Carnegie line off his hands. It is to be completed and ready for operation by November 1st.

"The Braddock and Turtle Creek line is at present a single track. Preparations are now under way to double track it, and the new line will have two tracks its entire length. The extension will begin at Turtle Creek, twelve miles from this city. It will pass through Brinton, Wilmerding, Walls, Jeannette, Irwin, Greensburg, Latrobe, Ninevah, Sang Hollow, Cambria, and all towns made famous by the Johnstown Flood. Nearly its entire length it will parallel the tracks of the Pennsylvania railroad.

"All the rights of way have been secured and every obstacle to its construction removed. The grades to be encountered are all right, and by cutting across the country in several places, the distance between this city and Johnstown will be materially shortened. The roadbed will to be second to none. Only the best of material is to be used in its construction, and as rapid time will be made between the Smoky and Flood cities as the Pennsylvania railroad furnishes. The rolling stock will be in keeping with the rest of the equipment.

"When the road is completed passengers from Johnstown and all way points will be able to run down into the heart of this city at about one-third the present rates.

"Work will begin about the middle of May. All necessary surveys have been made and all that is retarding the project now is the completion of the Carnegie and McKeesport lines."

The postoffice department at Washington has under advisement a new design of money order, says a dispatch, which will more facilitate handling it, and in separating the coupon from the money order. It is more nearly the size of a bank check, and this fact, it is thought, should increase its use.

VENUS is now the evening star and can be seen every evening in the southwestern sky when there are no clouds. Venus will grow brighter and brighter until August 14th and will cease to be the evening star on September 19th.

Miscellaneous Notices.

TWO Heating Stoves at cost at Dufton's.

FURS.
The highest market price paid for all kinds of Furs by George L. Fredericks, Ebensburg, Pa.

WANTED.—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg Pa. meh22

FOR SALE OR RENT.
A new eight room house on Lloyd street. For particulars call on E. DUFTON, Ebensburg, Pa.

A LARGE assortment of granite enamelled ware with another 20 per cent. reduction which makes it almost as cheap as tinware. Just received at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

THE Ebensburg Marble and Granite Works are offering a reduction of 5 per cent on all work ordered before the 1st of May. This is done in order to avoid the rush for Decoration Day work.

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county. Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. meh29tf.

FARMERS.
Your attention is kindly called to the best hay carrier on the market and at a reasonable price. Call and see it at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in April, $1,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, President.
LESTER LAHMER, Secretary.

ANY person desiring Single Comb White Leghorn Eggs can secure them by addressing Hott Bros., Carrolltown, Pa., or Blair House, Ebensburg, Pa. Single setting, 15 eggs, $1; two settings, 30 eggs, $2; three settings, 45 eggs, $2.75. meh22 3t.

FARMERS AND BUILDERS.
I have put in a car load of steel wire nails and fence wire before the advance which I will sell for a limited time at prices before the advance. As there will likely be another advance by the 1st of April, I would advise you to buy immediately what nails and wire you want for the coming season, thereby saving money by not paying the advance prices later on. A word to the wise is sufficient. GEO. HUNTLEY.

THE Ebensburg Normal Normal Institute will open on April 22, for a term of ten weeks. Special attention will be given to the teachers' course. The classification will be so arranged that pupils from the public schools as low as the A class in Room 3 can be taken. For further particulars address
T. L. GIBSON,
R. E. DAVISON,
mar29. Ebensburg, Pa.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE!

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pa., directed to the undersigned Assignee of Theodore Benden and Sarah, his wife, of Gallitzin township, Cambria county, in trust for the benefit of the creditors of said Theodore Benden, there will be exposed to sale at public outcery by the said Assignee on

SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1895,

at — o'clock, — M., on the premises in Gallitzin township, on the road leading from Gallitzin to Ashville, the following described real estate, to wit: BEGINNING at a post on line between the counties of Blair and Cambria; thence by land warranted to Aaron Bowen north 74½ degrees west 178 perches to a Spanish oak; thence by land warranted to Eleanor Catharine Heister north 17 degrees east 129 perches to a fallen chestnut and pointers; thence by said land warranted to Martha Brannan south 87 degrees east 92 perches to pointers; thence by said land south 63½ degrees east 136 perches to a post at county line; thence by said county line 33 degrees west 160 perches to place of beginning, CONTAINING about **180 Acres, more or less,** about

50 Acres Cleared,

with a **Two-Story Plank Dwelling House** with basement and necessary **Outbuildings,**

A Large Frame Bank Barn,

all compartitively new and in good condition of repair; **a Line Orchard of Choice Fruit,** the farm being in fertile condition and productive, the residue, about 130 acres, being woodland.

The property is well located, convenient to schools and churches, and quite valuable as a home or for investment.

THE TERMS OF SALE are as follows: Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid when the property is struck down, five hundred dollars when the sale is confirmed by the court; and the balance one-half in six months, and one-half in twelve months, with interest.

Possession will be given when the sale is confirmed by the court.

Persons desiring information concerning the property should address
J. F. McKENRICK, Esq., Attorney for Assignee, Ebensburg, Pa.
J. J. RHODDY, Assignee, Ashville, Pa.
March 29, 1895.

Orphans' Court Sale
—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, Pennsylvania, to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the premises on

SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1895,

at one o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Munster, in the county of Cambria and State of Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of the heirs of James S. Durbin, deceased, Thomas Sergeant, John Latterner, heirs of Jacob Glass, deceased, Matthew Farabaugh, estate of Francis Eberly, deceased, Francis Itell, Samuel Noel, Philip Farren, and estate of Cornelius Dever deceased, containing

200 Acres,

more or less, and having thereon erected a large FRAME HOUSE, sixty feet in length by thirty feet in width, containing eleven rooms, a Bank Barn eighty feet in length by sixty feet in width, an Ice House, a Slaughter House, a Store House and Granary, and all necessary Outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one-third at the confirmation of sale; three ninths in one year from the confirmation of sale, with interest; and two-ninths in two years from the confirmation of sale, with interest; the remaining one ninth of the purchase money to remain a lien during the lifetime of Eliza J. Durbin, widow of James S. Durbin, deceased, the interest from the time of confirmation of the sale to be paid to her annually, and at her death said one-ninth of the purchase money to be paid to the the heirs and legal representatives of said James S. Durbin, deceased. Deferred payments to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

JOANNA DURBIN,
Surviving executrix of the last will and testament of Augustine Durbin, deceased.
Munster, Pa., March 22, 1895.

Orphans' Court Sale
—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE!

BY authority of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, Pa., to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the premises in Chest Springs, Pa., on

SATURDAY, APRIL 6TH, 1895,

at half-past 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the following described real estate, viz: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the borough of Chest Springs, in the county of Cambria and state of Pennsylvania, bounded by Columbia street, lot of Peter y McDonald and two alleys, containing two lots of ground, and having thereon erected a two-story

Frame Dwelling House,

and a STOREROOM, with outbuildings, all in good state of repair.

TERMS OF SALE:

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one-third at the confirmation of sale; one-third in one year from the confirmation of sale, and the balance in two years from the confirmation of sale. Deferred payments to bear interest, and to be secured by the bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

HELENA MELLON,
March 15, 1895.3t Trustee

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
Best in the World! Get the Genuine! Sold Everywhere!
(17f)

GENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm in their locality. Staple article. Big sales. SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Geo. A. [illegible], 848 Broadway, N. Y.

JOHN PFISTER,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Hardware. Queensware,
MADE-UP CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
VEGETABLES IN SEASON,
HARNESS, ETC.,
OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,
CRESSON, PA.
ma92 20ly

F. X. FEES'
Shaving Parlor,
Main Street, Near Post Office

The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving parlor on Main street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean.
Your patronage solicited.
F. X. FEES.

Watch for H. Orth's New Ad.

NEW TIN SHOP IN EBENSBURG.
Sporting, Roofing and Repairing done PROMPTLY.
Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces, Agricultural Implements.
H. A. SHOEMAKER.

NEW SPRING STYLES.

We have a full, new and complete line of the finest and best fitting Spring Clothing in Cambria county and at prices that defy competition. We have the largest stock in Northern Cambria and the make-up of our fine goods is equal to custom-made. We have the new Spring Shapes in Hats and our stock of Gents' Furnishings is complete.

Our stock is larger and prices lower than ever before. All we ask is that you call and examine our goods, learn prices and we will convince you that the best place in the State to buy your Clothing is at

C. A. SHARBAUGH'S,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

ASK ANY WOMAN

Who uses the Cinderella Range, what its advantages are over the ordinary cooking range, and she will tell you that it is an even baker, browns nicely on top and bottom, and is economical in the use of fuel. It does its work quicker, better and with the least expense of any range upon the market.

Their Cleanliness Lessons Labor.
Their Economy Saves Money.

Sold by the following dealers:
EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrich. HASTINGS—I. E. Bender. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. [feb22.95]

IT WILL PAY YOU

To go to **QUINN'S,** Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and **FREIGHT PAID** on All Large Packages.

JAMES QUINN.

DENTISTRY
In all its Latest and Most Improved Methods.

Automatic Suction Cavities, Iluminum Plates, Crowns and Bridges.
Teeth Extracted Absolutely Without Pain by using Prof. May's E. B.
Eighteen years' experience. First Class Work Done at the Most Reasonable Rates. All Work Warranted.
Terms Strictly Cash.

DR. A. LAINO,
[12.14.94] Office on Main Street, second door north of M. E. Church, Gallitzin, Pa

It Pays to Advertise.

A BIG TRADE ALLIANCE.

Glassworkers Discussing One In Philadelphia.

THREE BRANCHES TO BE UNITED.

Delegates Present From Green Glassworkers, American Flints and Window Glassworkers—To Be Laid Before Local Unions and Decided About July 1.

PHILADELPHIA, March 27.—An important conference of glassworkers is in session in this city with a view of an alliance between the three branches of the industry that will bring them into closer relationship with each other and with the trade. The Green Glassworkers of the United States and Canada, with a membership of 3,000, is represented by Joseph D. Troth of Millville, N. J., D. A. Hayer of Pittsburg, William G. Dunlap of Newark, O., E. K. Gilroy of Muncie, Ind., James Mullin of Alton, Ills., Gephart Zahner and Joseph Congdon of Fairmount, Ind., and John V. Sailor of Philadelphia.

The American Flint Glass Workers' union, consisting of upwards of 8,000 men, sent William J. Smith of Pittsburg and John Kunzler, and the Window Glass Workers State Factory Inspector Campbell.

The scheme is for an alliance and not for an amalgamation. Each organization will maintain its own plan of work, but will agree to consult and co-operate with the other bodies for the benefit of the entire craft. The plan will be laid before the different local organizations throughout the country, and it is probable that a larger gathering will be held about July 1, when a definite plan will have been mapped out, which will meet with the approval of each organization.

THURSTON NOTIFIES GRESHAM.

He Is Going Back to Hawaii—He Makes a Statement.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The Hawaiian minister—Mr. Thurston—has sent a formal notification of his intended departure to the state department, naming Frank Hastings, secretary of the legation, in charge d'affaires during his absence. This is in the regular course of diplomatic procedure under the circumstances.

He has made the following statement: "I have received no information from my government, or from Mr Gresham, that my recall has been requested, and up to the present time there has been no change in my official relations with the state department. Whether my recall has been requested or not I do not know. In any event I shall not remain in Washington. There is nothing of especial importance to keep me here at present, while there are several matters requiring my attention at home. I shall therefore return to Honolulu immediately, leaving San Francisco April 4."

JUDGMENT FOR $146,500.

United States Citizens Win Big Claims From Venezuela.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—After months of deliberation the Venezuelan claims committee has concluded its labors and announced its decision, being a judgment in favor of citizens of the United States for $146,500, about one-third of the amount of the claims.

The claims date back to 1871, when in the course of a revolution in Venezuela three of the vessels of the American corporation were seized by the Venezuelans on either side in the controversy, and much damaged by being used in war. The ships were finally recovered, one through the good office of the commander of a British warship and the other two by the commander of the United States steamship Shawmut. The claim also included items based on the refusal of the victorious revolutionary government to allow the company to exercise the franchise it held to navigate Venezuelan waters, and also items for the imprisonment of the masters of the seized vessels.

IRONWORKERS MAY STRIKE.

A Conference Saturday Decides It For the Shenango and Mahoning Valleys.

PITTSBURG, March 27.—The conference on the proposition of the Ohio Valley manufacturers to pay only $3.50 per ton for puddling, and a general reduction of 15 per cent in the finishing departments will be held on Saturday. President Garland of the Amalgamated association declined to express an opinion as to the result of the meeting.

The lodges of the association have voted against the acceptance of the sweeping reductions, and it is probable the cut will be refused. Unless the manufacturers withdraw the offer a strike is likely to be declared in the Shenango and Mahoning valleys, and fully 10,000 men will be idle.

A Brave Ex-Warden Dead.

MONTREAL, March 27.—Ex-Warden Laviolette of St. Vincent De Paul penitentiary has died here. It was he who subdued the great convict revolt eight years ago at the penitentiary. At the time of the revolt he was captured by the convicts in the yard and used as a shield while they made an attack on the wall. The guard naturally feared to fire, but Laviolette ordered them to do their duty, with the result that he received four bullets from the guns of his own guards in his body, while several convicts were killed and the revolt was squelched. As a reward, the Dominion government retired him on full salary.

Harriet Beecher Stowe All Right.

HARTFORD, March 27.—During the past few days the family of Harriet Beecher Stowe has been deluged with inquiries as to the condition of the noted novelist, owing to the publication in New York of a story that she had become violently insane and was to be confined in an insane asylum. Edward Beecher Hooker, M. D., her physician, has issued a card in which he states that Mrs. Stowe is in better health than usual and that she devotes considerable of her time out of doors, visiting freely her friends and neighbors.

Douglass' Will In Controversy.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Rosette D. Sprague, a daughter of Fred Douglass, has filed a petition asking that pending the granting of letters of administration on the estate letters of collection shall be issued to the end that there may be no waste of property. The petition recites the failure thus far to file any will or other papers on the part of the widow or kinfolk of the dead man.

The Central to Use Electricity.

BUFFALO, March 27.—Hon. Daniel H. McMillan, counsel for the New York Central railway in this city, has received a communication from the New York Central informing him of the intention of the company to change its motive power on the Niagara Falls branch from steam to electricity. The distance is 26 miles.

A Woman Condemned to Death.

CHICAGO, March 27.—Maggie Tiller has been condemned to be hanged for the murder of Charles Miller. The condemned is colored, and if the sentence is carried out her's will be the first execution of a woman which ever occurred in Chicago.

Appointed Paymaster General.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The president has appointed Colonel Thaddeus H. Stanton to be paymaster general of the army, with the rank of brigadier general, to succeed General William Smith, retired.

NEW MONONGAHELA COUNTY.

The Measure Will Go Through the House. Legislative Matters.

HARRISBURG, March 27.—Monongahela county stock is booming, and by tonight the bill creating the new district out of portions of Allegheny, Washington, Fayette and Westmoreland counties will have finally passed the house and gone to the senate for concurrence.

In the senate the Crouse bill, providing for a reduction in exorbitant telephone charges, received a black eye, the committee on corporations reporting it unfavorably. The reason given was that the telephone companies are about to reduce the rates voluntarily.

Mr Kennedy called up and passed finally the bill allowing the presidents of the two branches of the Allegheny City council at the reorganization next Monday, to be sworn in for two years instead of but one, as is now the law. The bill has passed the house. Senator Kennedy expects to get the governor's signature to the bill in time for it to become operative.

Mr Landis (Lancaster) presented a petition signed by 9,000 persons praying for the passage of the Farr compulsory educat on bill.

The senate passed the joint resolution providing for the customary recess from the 29th inst. to April 8. This is to include moving and high settlement days.

A supplement to the collateral inheritance tax law to exempt brothers and sisters and their lineal descendants from the operation of the tax, was defeated on third reading.

The following bills were introduced in the senate: By McCarrell, providing that the state tax on money shall be levied on amounts only in excess of $5,000; also requiring buildings constructed with state money to be built from stone quarried, or brick or other materials manufactured or produced within the state. By McCreary, for the appointment of coms'ners in the courts, also to regulate admission of attorneys to practice in courts of record. By Crouse, allowing intoxicating liquors to be sold on election day before 7 a. m. and after 7 p. m. By Baker, to prohibit collection of garbage to feed to food animals in cities disposing of garbage sanitarily; also fixing a ton of anthracite coal at 2,240 pounds.

These bills passed finally: Appropriating 2 per cent of the school tax in cities and boroughs for the establishment of free libraries; to improve the law relating to the competency of experts.

Authorizing traction or motor companies and street passenger railway companies owning, leasing, controlling or operating different lines of street railways to operate all such lines as a general system; to prevent changes in text books oftener than once in five years; providing for the incorporation of societies for the improvements of streets and public places.

The house members are indignant over the shabby treatment accorded them by those who invited them to attend the launching of the St. Paul, and this feeling was indicated by a resolution introduced in the house by Mr. Phillips of Chester. Objection being made to the resolution it was withdrawn. It was as follows: That it was due and proper to the self-respect of the members of the Pennsylvania legislature to protest against the disgraceful and ungentlemanly conduct of certain persons, to us unknown, while upon city ice boat No. 3, on Monday, March 25, and that upon any future occasion of a similar nature we demand that we shall, as invited guests, be protected from insult and the boorish conduct of others.

The bill authorizing the erection of workhouses in the several counties of the commonwealth, which was defeated about two weeks ago and reconsidered, was taken up. Mr. Niles (Tioga) opened the fight against the passage of the bill, and in this he was supported by Messrs. Merrick (Tioga), Herman, Snyder and Focht (Union); Messrs. Gould (Erie), Baldwin (Delaware) and Dunkley (Montgomery) spoke in favor of the bill. The bill was passed finally.

These additional officers were elected: Marshall Douthett, Butler, and Amos H. Fry, Harrisburg, transcribing clerks; bill book clerk, Frank Sutton, Somerset; assistant doorkeepers, Frank W. Hagan, Allegheny, and Josiah Hissong, Bedford. Speaker Walton announced the appointment of William Creigh, Susquehanna; Robert A. Smith, Wayne, and Edward H. Hamman, janitors of the committee rooms.

Mr Smiley (Clarion) offered a resolution of condolence on the death of ex-Adjutant General Greenland of Clarion, which was adopted.

In the house these bills passed finally: To repeal the act authorizing county commissioners to rebuild bridges owned by corporations; prohibiting the use of meats in institutions supported by the state of animals slaughtered outside of Pennsylvania; to prevent interference of unauthorized persons with electrical conductors; to regulate establishment, classification and maintenance of high schools; enlarging the authority of the mother of her minor children; house concurred in resolution allowing senate to adjourn until April 8. A bill was introduced by Mr. McDonald (Allegheny) constitution eight hours a day's work for mechanics, woman and laborers in the employ of the state or any municipality.

The judicial apportionment bill passed the final stages in the house with only 34 votes against it.

SOLICITOUS FOR HIS SON.

Why Carlisle Committed an Alleged Violation of Law.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Collector James T. Kilbreth has received from Surveyor John C. McGuire, a report of the alleged violation of the quarantine law committed by Secretary of the Treasury John G. Carlisle, the highest official of the customs' department. The collector, however, positively refused to make public the contents of the document.

The trouble has arisen on account of the secretary's anxiety to care for his son William K. Carlisle. The young man arrived in port last Saturday on the American line steamship Paris, after a month's tour abroad. The secretary went down to quarantine in the revenue cutter and took his son off the steamer before the passengers had been inspected by Health Officer Doty. This constitutes a violation of the state laws, hence the trouble.

A Kidnaping Case Decided.

BALTIMORE, March 27.—Judge Dennis has decided the famous Toomer kidnaping conspiracy case. Each one of the defendants (colored), was fined as follows: Everett J. Waring, $100 and costs; Dunbar Walton, $100 and costs, Carie W. Wilson, $100 and costs, Louis E. Franks, $25 and no costs. These four persons were charged with conspiracy to get Mamie Toomer, the daughter of Nathan Toomer, a wealthy colored planter of Augusta, Ga., out of St. Francis' academy in order that a step-brother of her's might meet her.

English Steamer Fired On.

NEW YORK, March 27.—A special from Havana says La Discusion of Havana, says that at Santiago de Cuba an English steamer, the Lorentia, has been fired on by Spanish coast guard for failure to heave to when ordered, but no official report has yet been made regarding the affair.

Prohibits Printing of Foreign Stamps.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Attorney General Olney has decided that the printing of fac similes of foreign postage stamps is a violation of the act of 1891, which prohibits the counterfeiting of foreign obligations or securities.

Election Indictments Returned.

KANSAS CITY, March 27.—The special grand jury summoned to investigate election frauds has submitted another report. Twelve indictments have been returned, 11 of which were for crimes against election laws.

MANITOBA MAY REVOLT

Dominion's School Message Read in the Legislature.

IT IS LIKELY TO BE DISOBEYED.

The Greenway Government Contends That the Present Law Is Satisfactory—The Catholics Claim to Ignore the Order Will Be Open Rebellion Against the Queen.

WINNIPEG, March 27.—The first step in the renewed fight over parochial schools in Manitoba began in the legislature when the full message was presented from the Dominion government at Ottawa, ordering the Manitoba legislature to give the Catholics their rights, as they existed before the abolition of parochial schools in 1890.

The reading of the Ottawa message occupied over an hour and, all verbiage removed, it amounts to the request as above stated. Mr. Martin, a French Catholic member of the legislature, urged that the government should take immediate action, but Premier Greenway protested, saying that the message should be printed in order that all members might know what they were dealing with. Here the matter rested and the discussion will now probably not take place till tomorrow.

Meanwhile the situation grows more complicated. The Catholics and their friends say that Greenway and his followers, if they reject the order from Ottawa, are rejecting a document ordered and signed by her majesty, the queen, and such act would be equivalent to open rebellion. They say they cannot conceive how the Dominion government could do otherwise than make the formal request they have made, as they were bound, so far as lay in their power, to take immediate action upon the decision of the highest court and see that the grievances of her majesty's subjects of the Roman Catholic faith in Manitoba received redress at the earliest possible moment.

The Greenway government contends, on the other hand, that the present school law is satisfactory to many Catholics if it were not for the agitation by the priests of the church. They say that if Manitoba is coerced into recreating a dual system, dualism, both in language and education, will be extended to the territories as well, and thus there would be perpetuated in the west the evils which have caused dissatisfaction and stagnation in the province. Among the member on the government side, it seems a matter of opinion that the remedial order will be disposed of during the coming week and without any great amount of speaking. Premier Greenway, when speaking on the matter, said the length of the discussion would depend upon the amount individual members wanted to talk. Premier Greenway denies that he will compromise the matter by introducing a bill making the schools entirely secular.

FIRE IN A CHICAGO STORE.

Several People Injured In Making Their Escape.

CHICAGO, March 27.—A fire which broke out in the basement of the Belle Clothing house, on the corner of State and Quincy streets, destroyed the entire contents of the establishment above the second floor and left only the walls of the buildings from that floor to the roof standing. It occurred at the busiest part of the day, with the store crowded with customers and employes and the flames running through the building like a train of powder, filling every nook and corner with their dense smoke, it was remarkable that no lives were lost. In attempting to escape from the building the following persons were injured: C. H. Smith, leg broken in jumping from the second floor window and bruised about the body; Dick Barrett, elevator boy, slightly burned about the face; Grace Mertell, a clerk, bruised by a fall and carried from the building; Helen Caesar, clerk in store adjoining the burning building, overcome by smoke.

Samuel Cohen, a salesman, and John Dichel, the engineer, had narrow escapes from death. The loss on the building was $10,000 and on stock $150,000. The building was insured for $50,000 and the stock for $80,000.

A New Torpedo Boat Ordered.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—A contract has been signed by Secretary Herbert with the John P. Holland Torpedo Boat company for the construction of a submarine torpedo boat for the use of the navy. This contract, which may mark a radical departure in naval construction, was signed only after a thorough consideration extending through a period of nearly two years, of the subject of submarine boats and after various plans for such craft had been examined.

Townsend's Successor to Be Named.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Among the appointments which the president is expected to take very soon, is that of a superintendent of the United States mint at Philadelphia, in place of Mr Townsend, whose resignation is believed to be now in the hands of the president. The indications now are that the appointment will be given to a citizen of Reading, Pa., now holding a prominent position in the treasury department.

Sentenced For Three Years.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Barry Mines, who was arrested last week for the embezzlement of $10,000 from J. P. Morgan & Co., bankers, by whom he was employed, has been arraigned in court, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

Six Prisoners Escape.

WINFIELD, Kan., March 27.—A successful attempt at jailbreaking has been accomplished here and six prisoners, charged with grand larceny, burglary and arson, have escaped.

Property Burned by Burglars.

RICHMOND, Me., March 27.—Burglars made a bold attempt to rob the postoffice here and started a fire which resulted in the destruction of $25,000 worth of property.

The Weather.

Light local snows, followed by generally fair, westerly winds; slightly warmer.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Thomas Neal, after accusing himself of embezzlement, at Trenton, N. J., tried to kill himself with a knife.

Four seamen of the wrecked British steamer Belfast were landed at Greenock. Eighteen of he crew are missing.

The efforts of Great Britain to force the payment of the $75,000 indemnity by the Republic of Nicaragua, are being closely watched by this government, and it is said no injustice will be permitted.

An attack upon the governor general's palace at Havana, planned by negroes, was prevented by troops.

Efforts are being made at Birmingham to assure a McKinley delegation from Alabama to the next Republican national convention.

Tip, the trick elephant of the Barnum-Bailey show, severely injured a keeper at New York.

Citizens' suit in Chicago to annul a franchise ordinance was dismissed.

Work on the levee continues without interruption at New Orleans. The soldiers have been withdrawn but have been replaced by a strong force of policemen.

A bloody battle was fought at Bolinger Mill, Ark., between the Martin company mill hands on one side, and a gang of section negroes on the other. One section hand was killed and three of his companions wounded. One of the sawmill hands was wounded.

HOHENLOHE VISITS BISMARCK.

He Is Accompanied by the Duke of Baden. Incidents of Emperor's Visit.

BERLIN, March 27.—The Grand Duke of Baden and Chancellor Von Hohenlohe visited Prince Bismarck today.

When Emperor William called yesterday he presented Prince Bismarck with a sword of honor in behalf of the army.

Emperor William, in proposing Prince Bismarck's health after the luncheon, referred to the services which the latter had rendered to Emperor William I. Prince Bismarck, in reply, said that since 1848 he had only done his duty and nothing more. As for the recent vote of the reichstag, he added he could only deplore the lack of national sentiment thereby displayed.

The Empress of Germany commissioned the crown prince to present to Prince Bismarck a beautiful basket of roses and a letter of congratulation. The young prince handed the gift to Prince Bismarck with the simple words "from mamma."

Emperor William has appointed Prince Bismarck's physician, Dr. Schweninger, to be privy medical councillor, and has conferred upon Dr. Cryander, Prince Bismarck's secretary, the order of the crown.

LI HUNG CHANG WILL DIE.

A German Physician Says His Wound Will Be Fatal.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—A private cablegram from Tokio, received by a member of the Japanese legation here, states that a German physician, who is a professor at the University of Tokio and an expert of high standing, was sent at the personal request of the mikado to examine Li Hung Chang's wound. After a thorough examination of his distinguished patient, the physician reported confidentially to the mikado that Li Hung Chang must die.

The wound is in the face, and the bullet, which the surgeon had not succeeded in extracting, is apparently beyond reach. Moreover, Li is 70 years of age, and although a giant physically, his years are against him.

Wilson College Damaged by Fire.

CHAMBERSBURG, Pa., March 27.—The third floor of the main building and a small wing of the Wilson Female college has been destroyed by fire. The fire was discovered under the roof about 7.30, when the girls were at breakfast. The origin of the fire is a mystery. The third floor was completely gutted, while the first and second floors are damaged by water. The firemen worked heroically. Half a dozen girls lost all their clothing with the exception of what they were wearing when the fire was discovered. The loss will be about $6,000, fully insured.

Talk of Criminal Proceedings.

DUBOIS, Pa., March 27.—Creditors of the defunct bank of DuBois have met the stockholders and heard the report of the committee appointed last Friday. Hugh McCullough has been appointed receiver by the court, and filed a bond in the sum of $150,000. Judgments are still being entered against the stockholders and there is talk of criminal proceedings against Cashier Wise. It is thought that Receiver McCullough will soon have matters in better shape, and the feeling of dissatisfaction will materially subside.

Another Whisky Trust Sensation.

CHICAGO, March 27.—The inspectors appointed by the reorganization committee of the whisky trust, have, it is said, discovered nearly $400,000 was dealt by railroads personally for the benefit of the trust, but that not one dollar of it appears among the credit items on the trust books. The money was paid as rebates on shipments, and the men who received it, it is alleged, were among the highest officers of the trust.

Mrs. Cleveland Contributed Photographs.

LONDON, March 27.—The Duke and Duchess of Fife have opened a bazar in this city in aid of the British and Foreign Sailors' society. Mrs. Bayard, wife of the American ambassador, is one of the stallholders. It was announced that a package of photographs, signed by Mrs. Cleveland, wife of the president of the United States, had been received.

To Get an American Bride.

LONDON, March 27.—The Hon. George Curzon, M. P., son of Lord Scarsdale, will sail for New York on the White Star line steamer Majestic on April 10. His marriage to Miss Mary Leiter, daughter of Mr. L. Z. Leiter of Chicago, will take place in Washington on April 20.

McClernand Able to Be About.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., March 27.—General John A. McClernand, after several months severe illness, is able to be about, though he is still quite weak. Ex-Governor Richard J. Oglesby is still confined to his home at Elkhart, though his family do not express any grave fears as to his condition.

Turnkey Forgot to Lock the Door.

WICHITA, Kan., March 27.—Twenty-six prisoners escaped from the city prison and 12 were immediately recaptured, and the remainder ran in different directions with officers in hot pursuit. It is claimed by the prisoners that the turnkey forgot to lock the door.

Morrill Telegraphs to Cleveland.

TOPEKA, March 27.—Governor Morrill has sent the following telegram to President Cleveland: "The newspaper dispatches report that the Hohn L. Waller, a citizen of this state, and formerly United States consul at Madagascar, has been most unjustly imprisoned by the French government, under a sentence of a courtmartial, without sufficient cause. I respectfully urge that the department of state take active measures at once for his protection and release."

Sybil Sanderson Angry.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Sybil Sanderson, the prima donna, is on La Gascogne enroute for Paris. Another passenger on La Gascogne is Don Antonio Terry. Miss Sanderson is reported to have said to her close friends before her departure that she would never again return to this country, her native land, where she said she had been terribly abused.

Mr. Olney Argues.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The hearing on the application of Eugene V. Debs and others for a writ of habeas corpus for their release from imprisonment, is still being heard in the supreme court of the United States. Attorney General Olney made an argument speaking in behalf of the government in opposition to the application. Mr. Darrow argued for the plaintiffs.

To Shelter Old Soldiers.

LOUISVILLE, March 27.—The Louisville school board, by a vote of 11 to 2, has granted the use of about 40 public school buildings for the G. A. R. encampment next September. The buildings will be controlled by the local committee on accommodations, and will be available from the 7th to the 16th of September.

Robbers Dynamite a Bank Vault.

ROCKFORD, Ills., March 27.—The vault in the bank of Mount Morris has been blown open with dynamite by burglars, wrecking the vault and fixtures. Nearly $10,000 was in the vault, but it is not believed that they secured any part of this. It is known that they got away with several hundred dollars in silver. The robbers stole a team and escaped.

Nearly $3,000,000 Involved.

NASHUA, N. H., March 27.—The Nashua Savings bank, the fifth largest in New Hampshire, has closed its doors, an injunction having been issued against it on application of the bank commissioner. **Nearly $3,000,000 are involved.**

Ten Cents a Week

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DAILY : DISPATCH,

—INCLUDING—

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No paper within hundreds of miles of Pittsburg has such facilities for the gathering and presentation of intelligence. The reader is certain of getting everything that is going—from an accurate account of a ward meeting to a graphic description of the latest battle in the Orient—written by a correspondent on the spot.

The Dispatch

holds that while the live news of the day is of the first importance, features in a lighter vein make an agreeable variety, and to that end arrangements have been for a

Series of Short Serial Stories

by the greatest authors of both continents. The list of contributors includes such names as A. Conan, Harriet Prescott Spofford, Julian Hawthorne, Stanley J. Weyman and a host of others equally noted.

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INCLUDING THE SUNDAY ISSUE, 15c.

From Pole to Pole

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has demonstrated its power of cure for all diseases of the blood.

The Harpooner's Story.

New Bedford, June 1, 1883.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.—Twenty years ago I was a harpooner in the North Pacific, when the ship's crew and officers all became afflicted with scurvy. Our bodies were bloated, gums swollen and bleeding, teeth loose, purple blotches all over us, and we were a horrible looking set. Take it by and large we were pretty badly off. All our lime-juice was accidentally destroyed, but the captain had a couple dozen bottles of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA and gave us that. We recovered on it quicker than I have ever seen men brought about by anything else in my days, and I've seen a good deal of it. Seeing no mention in your Almanac of your Sarsaparilla being good for scurvy, I thought you'd like to know of this, and so send you the facts.

Respectfully yours, CALEB Y WINGATE.

The Trooper's Experience.

Mafeking, Basutoland, S. Africa, March..., 1895.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Gentlemen: I have much pleasure in testify to the great value of your Sarsaparilla. We have been stationed here for over two years, during which time we had to live in tents. Being under canvas for such a time brought on what is called in this country "veldt-sores." That those sores fo some time, I was advised to take your Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which made my sores disappear rapidly, and I am now quite well.

Yours truly, T. K. BOLTON,
Trooper, Cape Mounted Riflemen.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is the only thoroughly effective blood-purifier, the only medicine that eradicates the poisons of Scrofula, Mercury, and Contagious Disease from the system.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists: Price $1; Six bottle for $5.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect January 21, 1895.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days..... 6.30 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days..... 9.25 a m
Day Express, daily..... 11.04 a m
Altoona Express, daily..... 1.00 p m
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays..... 1.07 p m
Mail Express, daily..... 5.17 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily..... 8.12 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days.. 8.14 a m
Pacific Express, daily..... 9.37 a m
Way Passenger, daily..... 2.36 p m
Mail Train, week days..... 4.26 p m
Fast Line, daily..... 8.28 p m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days... 8.34 p m

Ebensburg Branch

Trains leave as follows: 7.20 a. m., and 3.30 p. m. and arrive at Cresson at 7.57 a. m. and 4.05 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.45, a. m. and 5.35 p. m., and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and 3.00 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 4.20 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.50 a. m. and 5.30 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 10.50 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.

For rates, maps, etc., call on agent or address Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Ave. Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Manager.

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REED & READE,

Attorneys at Law.

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

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KITTELL & LITTLE,

Attorneys at Law.

EBENSBURG, PA.

☞Office in Opera House, 2.9.94

T. W. DICK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

EBENSBURG, PENN'A

☞Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. 6ct7

J. F. McKENRICK,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

EBENSBURG, PA

☞Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

EBENSBURG, PA.

☞Office in Colonnade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON,

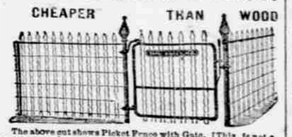
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

EBENSBURG, PENNA.

☞Office in Opera House, Center street.

Steel Picket Fence.

CHEAPER THAN WOOD



The above cut shows Picket Fence with Gate. [This is not a netting] can be used on Iron or Wood Posts. When writing for prices give Quantity, Number of Gates, Double and Single, Wanted. We also manufacture Ivory Iron Fencing, Ornamental Stable Fittings, Fire Shutters and Fire Escapes, Cellar Doors, and Railings, Brass and Iron Grills, WIRE DOORS AND WINDOW SCREENS, and all kinds of WIRE WORK.

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201, 203 & 205 Market St. Pittsburgh, Pa.

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Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency,

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent,

EBENSBURG, PA.

WANTED RELIABLE MEN to sell our choice and complete line of Nursery Stock. Highest salary and commission paid weekly. Pay-ing and permanent position guaranteed and success assured to good men. Special inducements to beginners. Experience not necessary. Exclusive territory and your own choice of same given. Do not delay. Apply to ALLEN NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

mch8.4m.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE borough of Ebensburg from March 12th, 1894, to March 11, 1895:

Dr.

JOHN F. TIBBOTT, Collector and Treasurer.

To balance due at last settlement	$ 516 57	
To amount received from E. C. Parrish, W. M	120 05	
To amount received from R. L. Thomas, W. S	2,025 16	
To amount received from Fes Lloyd, balance, as per receipts on docket	76 20	
To amount received from County Treasurer (license fees)	456 00	
To amount of duplicate 35½ mills, borough	1,548 73	
To amount of duplicate 2 mills, special	884 25	
To amount added to delinquent taxes	5 54	
		$5,632 48
To balance at settlement	$ 492 10	

Cr.

JOHN F. TIBBOTT, Collector and Treasurer

By orders paid	$4 016 00	
By bonds lifted	700 00	
By coupons lifted	244 00	
By accrued interest	6 00	
By exonerations	23 49	
By rebate to taxpayers	86 29	
By 2 per cent commissio n for collection $1,639 86	32 79	
By 5 per cent commission for collecting 699 76	34 49	
By 2 per cent. commission for paying out $4 866 00	97 32	
Balance due borough	492 10	
		$5,632 48

ITEMIZED STATEMENT OF BOROUGH EXPENSES:

Repairs	$ 633 00	
Street Commissioner	215 78	
Light	1 081 84	
Hauling	318 50	
Police	66 00	
Clerk's salary	50 00	
Solicitors	25 00	
Auditing	30 00	
Curbing and crossings	132 30	
Lumber and stone	113 25	
Printing	40 25	
Hardware	27 44	
Appropriations	80 00	
Fuel	6 66	
Postage and stationery	4 14	
Surveying	2 50	
Exonerations for 1891 and 1892	2 37	
Law book	2 00	
Rebate for overpaid tax	2 20	
Livery hire	2 00	
Administering oaths	75	
		$2,835 57

WATER WORKS.

Repairs	$ 212 81	
Fuel	284 40	
Hardware, pipe and castings	328 14	
Superintendent's salary	240 00	
Building stock	121 75	
Plumbing	77 86	
Rent	100 00	
Labor on dams	25 84	
Blacksmithing	23 40	
Hydrant and Fatchin's stable	8 00	
Freight and drayage	5 88	
Rebate for overcharged water rent	5 00	
		$1,373 13

$192 70 of this amount was paid by water rent for the Electric Light Plant, which is not included in amount received from R. L. Thomas.

ASSETS.

Balance in hands of John F. Tibbott, Treasurer	$ 492 10	
Balance in hands of R. L. Thomas, W. S	69 91	
		$ 562 01

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding bonds, series of 1885	$ 500 00	
Outstanding bonds, series of 1890	5,000 00	
On stand in orders	6 16	
		$5 206 16

We, the undersigned Auditors of the borough of Ebensburg, do report that we have examined the accounts of the officers of the receipts and expenditures of said borough for the year ending March 11th, 1895, and find them correct as above stated.

SCHUYLER C. DAVIS, } Auditors.
A. J. WATERS, }

Ebensburg, Pa., March 22, 1895.

STATEMENT OF SETTLEMENT WITH SUPERVISORS of Washington township for the year ending March 11, 1895:

PETER ROBINE, SR., Supervisor.

Dr.

To amount of duplicate	$472 48	
To amount of license money	85 50	
To amount order to balance	28 58	
Total	$586 56	

CONTRA.

Cr.

By taxes worked on roads	$330 23	
By auditors' exonerations	5 00	
By amount returned to commissioners	8 75	
By commission on $128 52 at 5 per cent	6 43	
By cash paid for work	72 62	
By cash paid for tools and blacksmithing	15 10	
By cash paid P. J. O'Connor (counsel fee)	5 00	
By orders redeemed	24 25	
By 72 days' services at $1.50	108 00	
By services in Edensburg and Johnstown	11 00	
By one day at settlement and probate	2 00	
Total	$586 56	

JOHN BROADWELL, Supervisor.

Dr.

To amount of duplicate	$492 13	
To amount of license money	85 50	
To amount received from seated and unseated lands	214 23	
To order to balance	6 31	
Total	$798 15	

CONTRA.

Cr.

By taxes worked on roads	$283 43	
By auditors' exonerations	3 65	
By amount returned to commissioners	13 75	
By commission on $181 20 at 5 per cent	9 06	
By cash paid for work	98 03	
By cash for tools and blacksmithing	10 47	
By cash paid for lumber	34 18	
By cash paid J. B. O'Connor (counsel fee)	5 00	
By 63½ days' services as supervisor at $1.50	95 37	
By orders redeemed	224 74	
By services in Ebensburg and Johnstown	6 00	
By one da at settlement	1 50	
Total	$798 15	

The liabilities of the township are about $600 00
The assets are—Due from Cresson Twp. 985 00

Liabilities in excess of assets are about $ 300 00

We, the undersigned Auditors of Washington township certify that we have examined the accounts of said township and find them as above stated.

JOHN McFAMANY,
JOHN E. KENRODE,
PETER ROBINE, Jr.,
Clerk

Attest: Wm. Brown, Clerk.
March 29, 1895.3t.

STATEMENT OF SETTLEMENT WITH SUPERVISORS of Blacklick township, March 11, 1895.

In account with JOHN HINES.

	Dr.	Cr.
To duplicate	$ 612 40	
By work on roads		$ 473 54
By return taxes		23 27
By exonerations		1 55
By 305½ days' services at $1.50		85 00
By timber furnished for bridges		22 00
Total		$605 36
To order on commissioners	30 00	
		$ 42 40
		$ 62 96

In account with JOHN DAVIS, Supervisor of Blacklick Twp.

	Dr.	Cr.
To duplicate		$ 530 31
By work done on roads		$ 439 74
Paid John Buckenderfer for work		4 20
By nails, crowbar, etc., bought for township		13 10
By damages paid		4 00
By return taxes		7 46
By 4 days' services		6 00
By exonerations		2 00
By lumber furnished		12 90
Paid on road machine		150 10
Total		$ 705 78
To order on commissioners	200 00	
		$ 30 31
Balance due J. Davis		$ 25 48

We, the undersigned Auditors of Blacklick township, have examined the above account and find it correct to the best of our knowledge and belief.

J. E. ROWLAND, }
G. A. MICHAELS, } Auditors.
JOHN NIPPS, }

Attest: ELLSWORTH ROWLAND, Clerk.
March 22, 1895.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,

PITTSBURG DEPT.,

PITTSBURG, PA.

FOR ALL THE NEWS, READ THE FREEMAN. $1.50 per year.

OUR

Clearance Sale

IS OVER.

We have closed out all our old stock, hence we are loading up as fast as possible with New

SPRING GOODS.

Our Spring Announcement will be made about April 1st.

MULLEN,

THE CLOTHIER.

Cleveland St., LILLY, PA.

Constipation

Demands prompt treatment. The results of neglect may be serious. Avoid all harsh and drastic purgatives, the tendency of which is to weaken the bowels. The best remedy is Ayer's Pills. Being purely vegetable, their action is prompt and their effect always be